

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2015



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Prepared by

Jefferson County Finance Department

Brian Lamers, Finance Director

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JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN



Finance Department

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June 2, 2016

To the County Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of Jefferson County:

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Jefferson for the calendar year ended December 31, 2015. To satisfy requirements of state law, this report has been prepared by the County's Finance Department in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Jefferson County's financial management is responsible for the completeness and fairness of the information, including disclosures, presented in this report. We believe the information presented is complete and reliable in all material respects, and that it fairly presents the County's financial position and results of operations. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive framework of internal control. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

A firm of licensed certified public accountants, Sikich LLP, has performed an independent audit of, and issued an unmodified opinion on, the County's financial statements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The County is required to undergo an annual Single Audit in conformity with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. The auditors' reports related specifically to the Single Audit are not included in this document, but are issued under separate cover.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Jefferson County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a 30-member Board of Supervisors. Each Supervisor serves a two-year term and is elected in April of the even numbered calendar years. The Board of Supervisors appoints the County Administrator. The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of Jefferson County. The government provides a full range of services to meet the needs of its citizens. These services include:

- General and financial administration, including tax collections
- Judiciary services and legal counsel
- Property records
- County planning and zoning
- Public safety, including Sheriff, emergency management, and correctional facilities
- Health and Human services
- Public works, including transportation and facilities maintenance
- Veterans assistance
- Medical examiner
- Election administration
- Cultural and recreational activities, including parks
- University of Wisconsin extension services
- Conservation of natural resources

The County is required to adopt a budget in conformance with Chapter 65.90 of the Wisconsin State Statutes. Adoption of the budget for the ensuing year takes place at the November County Board meeting. The County Board holds required public hearings on the proposed budget prior to adoption. The budget must list all existing indebtedness of the County and include anticipated revenues from all sources during the ensuing year, and must list all proposed appropriations for each department during the ensuing year. The budget must show actual revenues and expenditures for the prior year and not less than the first six months of the current year and estimated revenues and expenditures for the balance of the current year. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the other supplementary information section of this report for each fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Local Economy

Jefferson County, established in 1836, serves a population of approximately 84,255. It is located in south-central Wisconsin, approximately mid-way between Madison and Milwaukee, which are the two largest population centers in the state. The County is bisected by I-94 which runs east/west. The Highway Department maintains about 436 miles of interstate, state, and county roads. The County encompasses about 583 square miles and consists of 16 towns, 5 villages, and 5 cities. The cities/villages of Cambridge (Dane), Lac LaBelle (Waukesha), Watertown (Dodge), and Whitewater (Walworth) are geographically split with other counties.

Relevant Financial Policies

Fund Balance: The County places an emphasis on policies that maintain appropriate fund balance/net position reserves to assist with making current and long-term budgetary projections and decisions. The current policy requires a minimum of two months of budgeted expenditures to be retained for working capital, with a goal of three months to be retained. At December 31, 2015, the County has retained the three month goal and has an additional \$673 thousand available. A decision on the usage(s) of the \$673 thousand will occur during the preparation of the 2017 tax levy, which will be adopted in November 2016.

Long-term Financial Planning

As part of long range planning, the County employs a five-year capital expenditure plan. The plan identifies capital expenditures and the methods to finance them. Capital requests need to provide sound justification based on established need. Justification should also include alternatives considered and future projected impact on operating budgets.

Future plans include the construction of two new Highway satellite shops with the main funding source coming from bonding and continued investment in infrastructure including highway improvements and other capital expenditures which will be funded through property tax levy.

Major Initiatives

The 2016 budget includes \$9.5 million of Capital Items which some of the major items include \$1.4 million for an interurban multi-use trail which is funded by grants and donations, almost \$.5 million of flooded properties to be purchased using grant funding, approximately \$1.2 million for new highway equipment and \$4.5 million in road improvements that are funded through levy.

The 2017-2021 Capital Finance Plan is approximately \$40 million of which \$10 million is coming from other sources such as grants and fees, the remaining \$30 million would be covered by carryover funds or levy. Of the \$40 million road improvement projects is about \$23 million and \$5.7 million is for highway equipment. Another major capital item in the 5 year plan is about \$4 million for the interurban multi-use trail which is funded by grants and donations.

Budgeting Controls

The County adopts a balanced budget each year which all expenditures have identified sources of funding such as property tax, other revenues or use of fund balance. The detailed budget document is adopted at the department level but monitored at the cost center level or by function. A cost center can be a department or an activity within a department. Management can make transfers within a department or an activity within a department. Management can make transfers within a department without approval of the Finance Committee or County Board.

To supplement the appropriation for a department the Finance Committee can approve transfers from contingency. Transfers may not exceed 10% of the funds originally appropriated for that department. Transfers in excess of 10% must follow the budget amendment process and be approved by the County Board.

The County is required to publish budget amendments as a class 1 notice within 10 days after the change is made.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Jefferson County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. This was the third year that Jefferson County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department as well as financial staff throughout the County. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Finance Committee and County Board of Supervisors for their support in attempting to maintain the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Jefferson County.

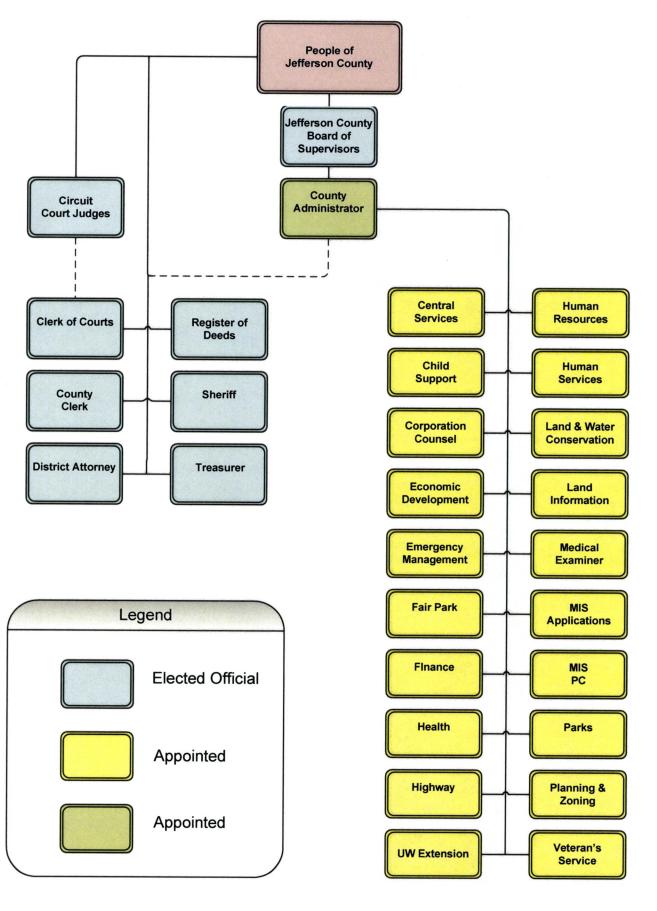
Respectfully submitted,

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Brian L. Lamers, CPA

Finance Director Jefferson County

Jefferson County Government Organizational Chart



Jefferson County, Wisconsin List of Principal Officials (as of the date of the report issued)

Elected Officials

Clerk of Courts
County Clerk
Barbara A. Frank
County Treasurer
District Attorney
Register of Deeds
Sheriff
Carla J. Robinson
Barbara A. Frank
John E. Jensen
Susan V. Happ
Staci M. Hoffman
Paul Milbrath

County Board of Supervisors

Dist	Name	Dist	Name
1	Richard C. Jones	16	Laura Payne
2	Mike Kelly	17	Russell Kutz
3	Greg David	18	Jennifer Hanneman
4	Augie Tietz	19	Jim Schroeder (Chair)
5	James Braughler	20	Jim Mode
6	Ron Buchanan	21	John C. Kannard
7	Dwayne C. Morris	22	Blane Poulson
8	Michael Wineke	23	George Jaeckel
9	Amy Rinard (Second Vice-Chair)	24	Mark Klubertanz
10	Lloyd Zastrow	25	Matthew Foelker
11	Donald Reese	26	Gregg Patrick
12	Peter Hartz	27	Glen Borland
13	Ed Morse	28	Dick Schultz
14	Kirk Lund	29	Timothy Smith
15	Steven J. Nass (Vice-Chair)	30	Gary Kutz

Non-Elected Department Heads

County Administrator

Central Services
Child Support

Corporation Counsel
Economic Development

Emergency Management Fair Park Finance

Health Highway

Human Resources Human Services

Land and Water Conservation

Land Information

Management Information Systems Management Information Systems

Medical Examiner

Parks

UW Extension Veterans Services

Zoning and Planning

Benjamin Wehmeier

Mark Miller Stacee Jensen Blair J. Ward Genevieve Coady Donna Haugom David Diestler

Brian Lamers, CPA

Gail Scott William T. Kern

Terri M. Palm-Kostroski

Kathleen Cauley Mark Watkins Andrew J. Erdman

John Rageth Roland Welsch Nichol Wayd Joseph Nehmer Steve Grabow

Yvonne Duesterhoeft

Robert Klotz



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Jefferson County Wisconsin

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

Executive Director/CEO







13400 Bishops Lane, Suite 300 Brookfield, Wisconsin 53005

Certified Public Accountants & Advisors
Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Supervisors Jefferson County, Wisconsin Jefferson, Wisconsin

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jefferson County, Wisconsin (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jefferson County, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Changes in Accounting Principles

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 which established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and expenses; and modified certain disclosures in the notes to financial statements and the required supplementary information. The adoption of Statements No. 68 and 71 resulted in a prior period adjustment which is discussed in Note IV. B. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sikielle

Brookfield, Wisconsin June 2, 2016

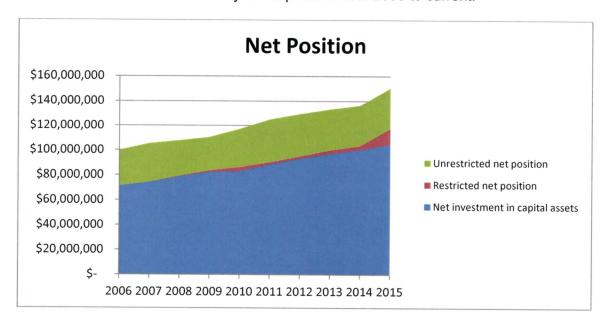
Management Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2015

This section of Jefferson County, Wisconsin's comprehensive annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's basic financial statements following this section.

The beginning balance of Net Position has been restated by \$8.9 million for Governmental Activities and \$917 thousand for Business-Type Activities for a total of \$9.8 million as a result of GASB Statement No. 68-Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and implementation of GASB Statement No. 71-Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. These statements require the net position asset and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows, if any, to be reported in the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2015 fiscal year by \$150.7 million (net position). Of this amount, \$33.0 million is classified as unrestricted net position, \$13.1 million is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position) and \$104.6 million is net investment in capital assets.
- The County's total net position increased by \$14.3 million or 10.4% prior to the restatement of the beginning balance noted above. Of this amount, governmental activities increased by \$10.8 million and business-type activities increased by \$3.5 million.
- The chart below shows the history of net position from 2006 to current.



- As of December 31, 2015, the County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$33.7 million, an increase of \$.5 million in comparison to 2014. Approximately 52% of the combined fund balances, or \$17.6 million is available to meet the County's current and future needs (unassigned fund balance).
- Unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$17.6 million as of December 31,
 2015. This represents an amount equal to 61% of total general fund expenditures for

Management Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2015

the fiscal year. General fund revenues had an increase of \$.76 million or 2.7%, expenditures also had an increase of \$95 thousand or 0.33% from the prior fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's financial statements, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include (a) general government, (b) public safety, (c) health and human services, (d) culture, recreation, and education, (e) conservation and development, (f) public works, and (g) debt service. The business-type activity of the County is only the Highway Department for 2015.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 28-29 of this report.

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2015

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances* for the General Fund, Human Services Fund and Capital Projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplemental information section of this report.

The County adopts an annual budget for all of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparisons for all funds with adopted budgets have been included in other supplementary financial information to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial information can be found on pages 28-32 of this report.

Proprietary funds are maintained two ways. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Highway activity. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County does not use any internal service funds.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Highway Department, an enterprise fund, is also considered a major fund and is presented by itself.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33-36 of this report.

Fiduciary funds account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

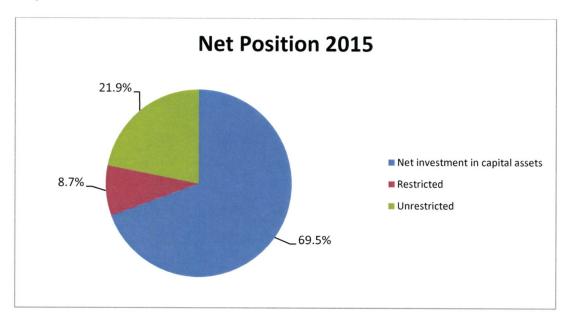
The County does not report any fiduciary funds.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 37-72 of this report.

Management Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2015

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position -- As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$148.7 million at the close of the most recent calendar year.



Net Position (in thousands)

	Gov't Activities			Bus-Type Activities					<u>Total</u>				
	2015		2014		2015		2014			2015		2014	
Current Assets/Outflows	\$ 75,557	\$	67,434	\$	13,989	\$	13,416		\$	89,546	\$	80,850	
Capital Assets Total Assets	 94,757 170,314		89,993 157,427	_	24,832 38,821		21,812 35,228	-		119,589 209,135		111,805	
10tal A336t3	170,514		157,427		30,021		35,226			209,135		192,655	
Current Liabilities/Inflows	30,675		31,742		6,358		6,192			37,033		37,934	
Long-Term Liabilities	20,830		17,689		560		581			21,390		18,270	
Total Liabilities	51,505		49,431		6,918		6,773			58,423		56,204	
Net Position													
Net Investment in													
Capital Assets	94,757		89,993		24,832		21,812			104,605		100,198	
Restricted	12,048		3,270		1,039		135			13,087		3,405	
Unrestricted	12,004		14,733		6,032		6,508			33,020		32,848	
Total Net Position	\$ 118,809	\$	107,996	\$	31,903	\$	28,455	_	\$	150,712	\$	136,451	

The large portion of the County's net position (69.5%) reflects its investments in capital assets (land and easements, structures and improvements, infrastructure and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding). The County uses these

Management Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2015

capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Additionally, the depreciation of capital assets is an expense for proprietary funds and therefore, as an expense, is available to be reimbursed through user fees of those funds.

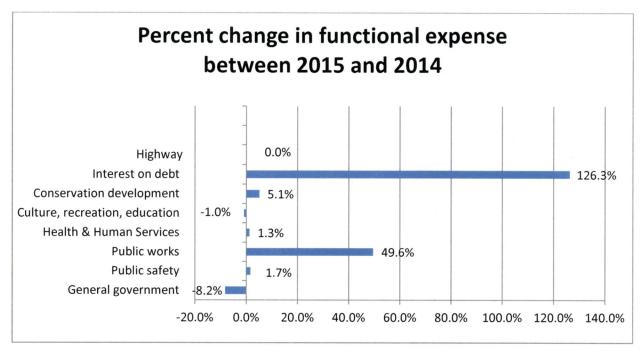
An additional portion of the County's net position (8.7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (21.9% or \$33.0 million) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

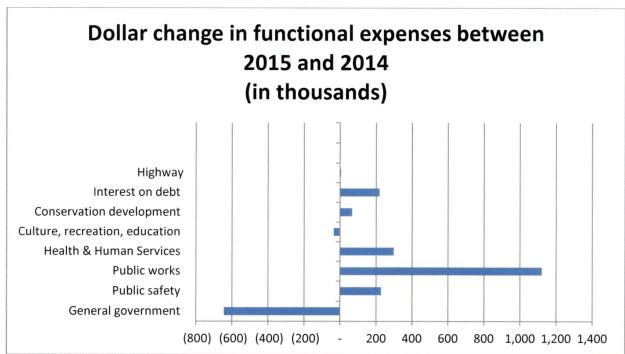
Change in net position – At the end of the calendar year, the County reported total revenues of \$64.2 million and total expenses of \$59.8 million, which resulted in an increase of \$4.4 million (after considering transfers and after the restatement of the beginning net position as previously stated). The table below and the narrative that follows consider the key elements of this increase broken down by both governmental and business-type activities.

The graphs below focus on the change in expenses.

(in thousands)	<u>Gov't A</u> 2015	Gov't Activities 2015 2014		Activities 2014	<u>Tot</u> 2015	<u>al</u> 2014
December of the second of the						
Program revenues	Ф 40.24 <i>E</i>	6 0.740	f 4.000	6 4.504	6 44 644	6 44.004
Operating grants & donations	\$ 10,315	\$ 9,740	\$ 1,629	\$ 1,584	* ''	\$ 11,324
Capital grants & donations	548	660	628	-	1,176	660
Charges for services General revenues	10,337	10,241	3,048	3,242	13,385	13,483
· - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · -	24.042	24.022	E 744	5.040	07.050	07.774
General property taxes	21,912	21,822	5,744	5,949	27,656	27,771
Debt service property taxes	1,180	- 	-	-	1,180	-
Sales tax	5,848	5,598	-	-	5,848	5,598
Other taxes	251	217	-	-	251	217
General state aid	2,160	2,158	-	-	2,160	2,158
Investment earnings	368	371	-		368	371
Sale of County property	50.010		263	177	263	177
Total revenues	52,919	50,807	11,312	10,952	64,231	61,759
Expenses						
General government	7,218	7,863	_	-	7,218	7,863
Public safety	13,633	13,405	_	-	13,633	13,405
Public works	3,380	2,260	6,205	6,200	9,585	8,460
Health & Human Services	24,013	23,716	· -		24,013	23,716
Culture, recreation, education	3,623	3,658	_	-	3,623	3,658
Conservation development	1,367	1,300	-	_	1,367	1,300
Interest and fiscal charges	391	173	-	_	391	173
Total expenses	53,625	52,375	6,205	6,200	59,830	58,575
Change in net position						
before transfers	(706)	(1,568)	5,107	4,752	4,401	3,184
Transfers	2,576	(8,242)	(2,576)	8,242	-,	5,154
Change in net position	1,870	(9,810)	2,531	12,994	4,401	3,184
Net Position-beg. balance, restated	116,939	117,806	29,372	15,461	146,311	133,267
Net Position-ending balance	\$ 118,809	\$ 107,996	\$ 31,903	\$ 28,455		\$ 136,451

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Management Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2015





Management Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2015

Explanation of Functional Changes

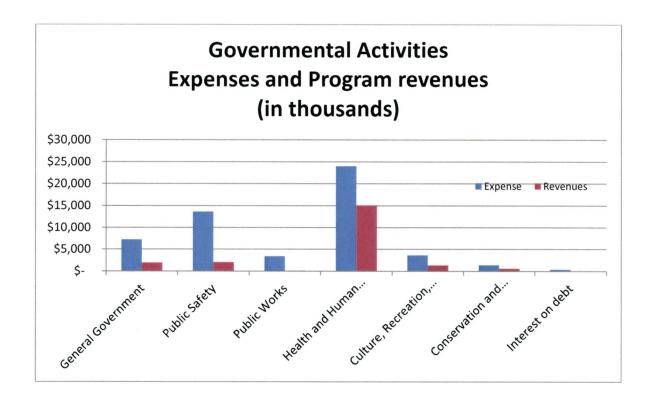
Governmental activities – Net position for governmental activities before transfers decreased by \$.79 million. Transfers in was \$2.56 million, making a total increase in net position of \$1.77 million. Explanations of some of the major changes or percentage changes above/below 10% are recapped below:

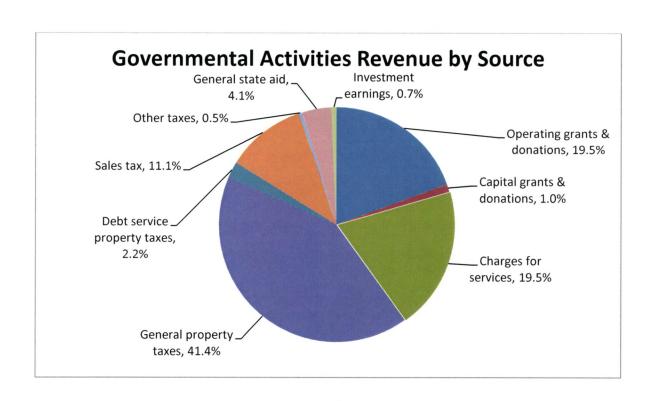
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$575 thousand or 5.9%. The single largest reason for this increase is health and human services grants of \$514 thousand with additional approved programs. With the additional funding in health and human services grants there was an offsetting increase of expenditures of \$354 thousand.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$112 thousand or 17%. The single largest reason for this was the amount spent on flood mitigation properties in 2015 from 2014. For these purchases, the cash outlay was recorded as an asset, so there were no corresponding expenses to offset the state aid received.
- Debt service property tax was increased by \$1.2 million or 100%. The first payment on the 2013 and 2014 outstanding debt was made in 2015. There were payments required of \$995 for principal and \$415 thousand in interest payment. There was \$187 thousand of interest payments that was part of the initial bonding.
- Other taxes increased from \$217 thousand to \$251 thousand for a total increase of 15.9% which is due to increase in real estate transactions.
- Public works increased by \$1.1 million simply caused by an increase in projects and costs.
- Interest expense increased by \$218 thousand or 126%. As noted above with the debt service property tax, in 2015 there was \$187 thousand of interest payments that was part of the issuance of bonding.
- Transfers between the government type activities (capital projects) and the business type activities (highway department) included a capital contribution of \$3.2 million for construction of a new highway facility and a transfer from the business type activities of \$5.8 for infrastructure to the government type activities for a net of \$2.6 million.

The three charts that follow compare (1) total governmental activity expenses to program revenue (which does not include general revenues of property and other taxes), (2) all revenue sources for governmental activities, and (3) all expense categories for governmental activities.

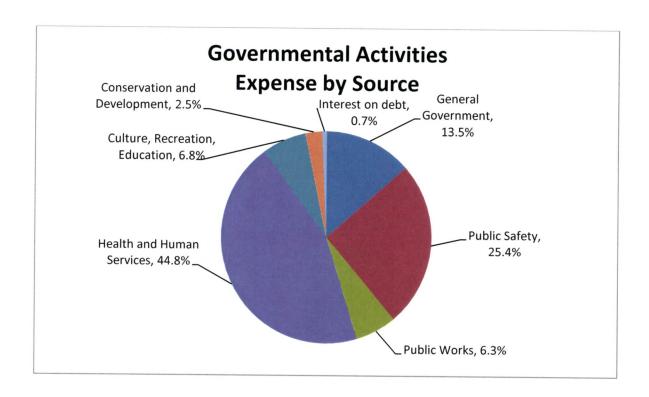
Jefferson County, Wisconsin Management Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2015





Management Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2015



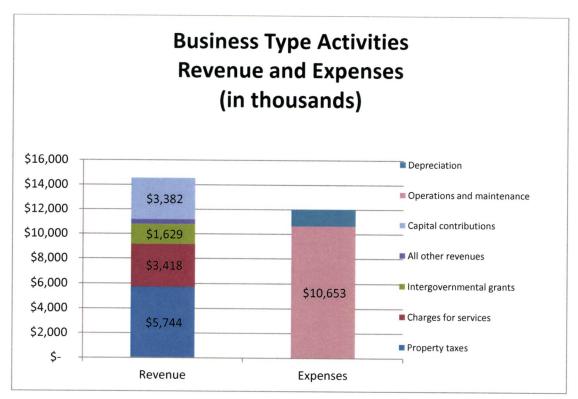
Business-type activities

Net position for the Highway Department increased by \$2.5 million or 8.6%. Some of the largest factors causing this increase in net position were:

- Capital contribution into the Highway Department included an additional \$3.4 million for the construction activity for the completion of the new Highway facility from the governmental activities.
- Charges for services increased by \$.46 million or 15.6%, in 2015 the Highway Department received \$.49 million in local road improvement program funding from the state towards a project and no funding in 2014.
- Miscellaneous revenue decreased by \$164 thousand or 57.2%, due to less accident charges and a decrease in material handling charges from 2014.
- The property tax levy for 2015 decreased by \$205 thousand or 3.5% over the prior year.
- Gain on disposal increased by \$87 thousand which is a 48.9% increase from prior year due to the trade in program on certain equipment.
- Operation and maintenance increased by \$1.6 million or 18%, which one of the main factors was additional road construction.
- Depreciation expense increased by \$285 thousand or 26.2%, in 2015 the new main highway shop was complete and a portion of the year was depreciated causing the increase in depreciation expense.

Management Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2015

The chart below recaps the major revenue and expense categories for business type activities.



Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

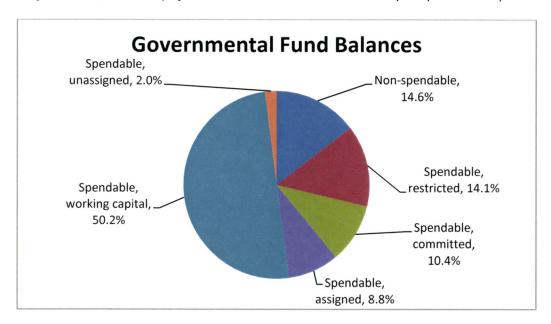
Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balance of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2015, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33.8 million. A breakdown of the various components of the fund balance amounts is below. For even more detail, please see the notes section on pages 63-64.

- Non-spendable, \$4.9 million (Cannot be spent because of their non-cash form.)
- Restricted, \$4.8 million (Funds are specifically restricted by a third party.)
- Committed, \$.2 million (Not available for new spending because it has already been committed by the County Board.)
- Assigned, \$6.3 million (County Board has expressed their "intent" to spend these funds in the future but has not authorized the spending yet.)
- Unassigned, working capital, \$16.9 million (The adopted Fund Balance Policy requires a minimum of two months of budgeted expenditures to be retained for working capital. The value listed here is the "goal" of three months.)

Management Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2015

 Unassigned, \$.7 million (As per the Fund Balance Policy, these funds shall be used for levy reduction, debt repayment, and/or near-term future capital purchases.)



<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the chief operating fund for the County. The ending fund balance was \$30.0 million. This was an increase of \$.73 million over the prior year. The major part of this increase was the transferring of a \$.21 million surplus from the Human Services Special Revenue fund.

<u>Human Services</u> – The Human Services Special Revenue Fund increased by \$.32 million. There was a surplus of \$.53 million prior to transferring \$.21 million to the General Fund. The surplus was due to several factors including a favorable budget balance of \$.34 million from the Children's Long Term Support (CLTS), \$.26 million form Hospital/Detox budget and \$.27 million savings from salaries and fringe savings, offsetting the favorable balances were Children's Alternate Care Program due to high cost placements of an unfavorable amount of \$.34 million. The increased balance in committed fund balances was the result of monies authorized to be carried forward into 2016 in order to reduce the 2017 tax levy.

<u>Capital Projects</u> – The Capital Projects Fund went from \$2.2 million to \$1.8 million. The fund was basically used in 2015 for the construction of new Highway Department facilities. In 2013, the County issued \$3.505 million debt, in 2014 another \$9.995 million in debt and \$3.885 million in 2015. The balance of the \$1.8 million in the fund will be used to complete the construction of the new satellite facilities and demolition of the existing facilities.

Non-major Governmental funds – The Non-major Governmental fund balance went from \$1.1 million to \$.9 million.

The Health Department's fund balance decreased by \$58 thousand or 6.5%. The 2015 Budget included the use of \$134 thousand in fund balance and another \$73 thousand was for anticipated retirement payouts. With the budgeted \$207 thousand decrease in fund balance and the actual decrease of \$58 thousand there is a favorable variance of \$149 thousand for the department. One factor was less expenditures than anticipated in the finalization of the Personal Care Program that was transferred to the state. For that program, expenditures for agency

Management Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2015

staffing was \$50 thousand less. Also finalization from the state was \$59 thousand favorable from the budgeted amount. Because the Health Department is not county-wide, all fund balances by statute have to remain separate from the General Fund.

The Debt service fund went from \$188 thousand to \$75 thousand. In 2015, when the general obligation debt was issued it included \$75 thousand to be used for the 2016 interest payment. Principal paid in 2015 was \$995 thousand and interest paid was \$415 thousand.

Proprietary fund – The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the County's government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The County's only remaining proprietary (or business-type) fund is the Highway Department.

<u>Highway Department</u> – Unrestricted net position decreased to \$.48 million or 7.3% over the prior year. The total net position increased by \$2.5 million. The major changes were from the increase in investment in capital assets, gain on disposal and capital contributions. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in an increase in net appropriations of \$1.2 million prior to other financing sources.

During the year, actual revenues were \$.55 million above the final amended budget. Some of the larger areas contributing to this were:

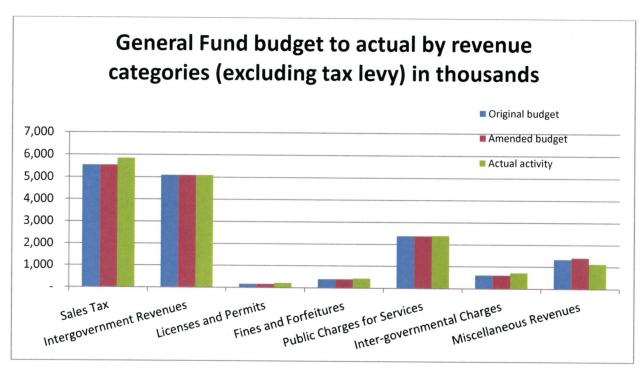
- Property taxes, were \$.31 million above budget, this variance was due to additional collection of delinquent property taxes with interest.
- Sales taxes, were \$.31 million above budget, this variance was due additional sales tax revenue than original estimates.
- Intergovernmental charges were \$109 thousand above budget amounts. One of the main reasons for the revenues over budget was at the Sheriff Department and the charges to the state for holding state prisoners.
- Miscellaneous Revenues were \$.28 million below budget amounts. The fair market value on investments was \$89 thousand below anticipated revenue. Sale of foreclosed properties was approximately \$35 thousand below budget.

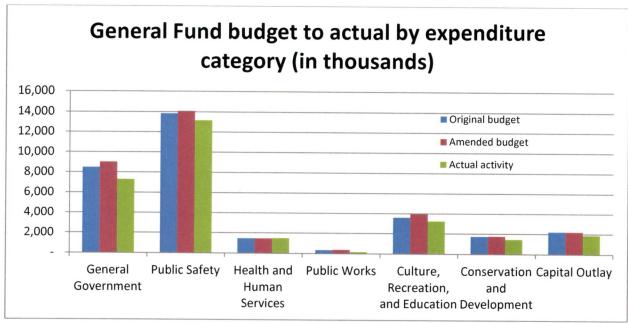
Within expenditures in total, actual expenditures were \$4.2 million below budgeted amounts. Of this amount approximately \$2.7 million of this amount is due to restricted and committed funds that will be carried into the 2016 budget. Some of the larger areas contributing to this were:

- General Government expenditures were \$1.7 million below budgeted amounts. This is due to a variety of reasons such as projects that were not completed throughout the year and positions within certain departments that were not filled or were vacated for an extended time.
- Public Safety expenditures were \$.9 million below budgeted amounts.
- Culture, Recreation and Education expenditures were \$.71 million below budgeted amounts.

Management Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2015

The graphs on the subsequent page depict actual revenues and expenditures compared to the original and amended budgets.





Capital assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2015 was \$104.6 million, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt. The County issued \$17.385 million of general obligation bonds for the construction of new highway facilities and the demolition of the old highway facility, however

Management Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2015

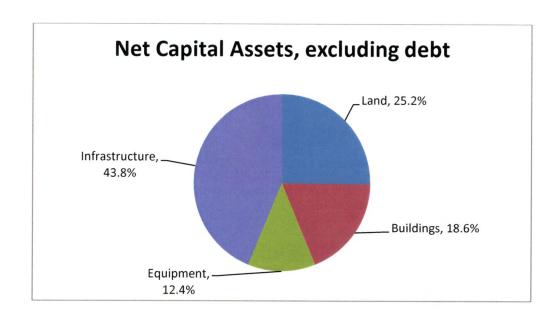
\$1.8 million of the proceeds were unspent at the end of the year and remain in fund balance to be used in 2016 for the satellite shops and demolition. The increase over the prior year was \$4.4 million or 4.2%.

Some areas that experienced the largest increases was building with the new highway shop with an increase of \$13 million, land for the new highway shop of \$.9 million and new equipment of \$2.6 million of which was partially for the new highway shop, however that is reduced by debt of approximately \$15 million. Construction in progress for the new highway shop was reduced by \$13 million and moved to capital assets. There was an increase for land of flood mitigation properties of \$.56 million. Infrastructure increased by \$5.6 million, however construction in progress for infrastructure reduced by \$2.8 million.

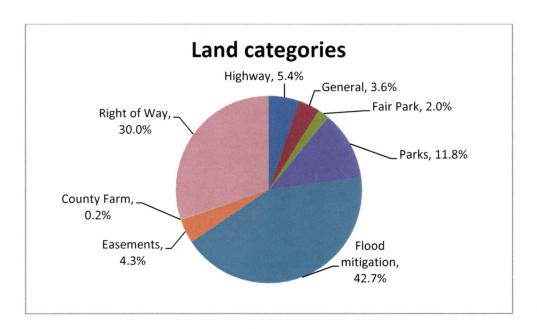
The County's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements. Further details of the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 55-56. In addition, the charts below provide a graphical breakdown.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Gov't A	ctiv	<u>ities</u>	<u> </u>	Bus-Type	Ac	<u>tivities</u>		To	tal	
(in thousands)	2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
Land	\$ 28,501	\$	26,908	\$	1,617	\$	703		30,118	\$	27,611
Buildings	8,542		8,773		13,721		575		22,263		9,348
Machinery and Equipment	5,292		5,164		9,494		7,451		14,786		12,615
Infrastructure	50,741		45,379		-		-		50,741		45,379
Construction in Progess	1,681		3,769		-		13,082		1,681		16,851
Total	\$ 94,757	\$	89,993	\$	24,832	\$	21,811	3	119,589	\$	111,804



Management Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2015

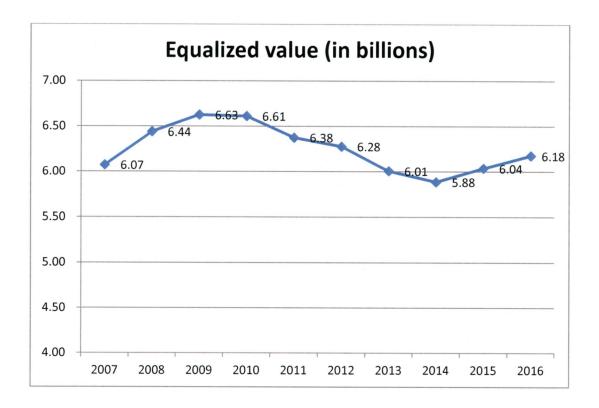


Long-term debt -- At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$16.40 million. The County under the new standardized rating system from Moody's Investor Service for it general obligation debt is an Aa2, which is the third highest rating possible. The County currently has no plans for any more borrowing. Further details of the County's long-term debt activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 58-59.

Economic Factors and Next year's Budget and Rates

Located between the two largest population centers in the State of Wisconsin (i.e. Milwaukee and Madison), the County has averaged annual decrease in growth of 0.60% over the last five years. The growth has been negative from 2010-2014, in 2015 showed a positive growth of 2.58% and 2.33% in 2016.

Management Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2015



The County has approved a new Highway Facility and has issued debt of \$3.505 million in 2013 and in 2014 another \$9.995 million for a total of \$13.5 million. On May 12, 2015 the County issued \$3.885 of debt in 2015. This should be the last issuance of debt that is needed for construction of the Highway Department main shop and two satellite shops. Current Wisconsin Statutes allows the levy to be raised by the new debt amount.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in them, comply with finance-related laws, and demonstrate the County's commitment to public accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report of requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Jefferson County Finance Department, 311 S. Center Avenue, Jefferson, WI 53549.

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,636,377	\$ 4,217,018	\$ 5,853,395
Investments	28,106,593	· · · · · ·	28,106,593
Receivables, net			
Taxes	28,180,469	5,808,537	33,989,006
Accounts	4,763,784	1,354,377	6,118,161
Inventories	293,953	1,600,450	1,894,403
Prepaid Items	1,286,685	72,591	1,359,276
Deposits Held by Mutual Insurance Company Restricted Cash and Cash equivalents	783,000 1,404,183	-	783,000 1,404,183
Restricted Net Pension Asset	4,477,730	442,852	4,920,582
Captital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	30,182,602	990,221	31,172,823
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	00,102,002	333,22	5 ., ··· <u>_</u> ,5 <u>_</u> _5
of Accumulated Depreciation	64,574,542	23,842,032	88,416,574
Total Assets	165,689,918	38,328,078	204,017,996
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Amount Related to Pension	4,624,251	492,800	5,117,051
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	170,314,169	38,820,878_	209,135,047
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	4,477,884	274,783	4,752,667
Delinquent Special Assessments			
Due to Other Governments	89,564	-	89,564
Accured Payroll and Related Liabilities	2,364,528	274,572	2,639,100
Accrued Interest Payable	91,199	-	91,199
Unearned Revenues	3,894 835,817	-	3,894 835,817
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets Long Term Liabilities	000,017	-	000,017
Accrued Compensated Absences			
Current Portion	3,269,340	491,450	3,760,790
Noncurrent Portion	714,182	68,868	783,050
General Obligation Debt	,		
Current Portion	768,519	-	768,519
Noncurrent Portion	16,077,938		16,077,938
Total Liabilities	28,692,865	1,109,673	29,802,538
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Subsequent year tax levy	22,812,427	5,808,537	28,620,964
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	51,505,292	6,918,210	58,423,502
	01,000,232		00,420,002
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets	94.757.144	24,832,253	104.604.987
	94,757,144	24,632,253	104,604,967
Restricted Economic Development	230,791	_	230,791
Economic Development-Revolving Loan Fund	707,641	-	707,641
Register of Deeds-Fees	139,972	_	139,972
County Clerk-ICC	520	-	520
Land Information-Fees	96,011	-	96,011
Parks-Donated Funds	115,238	-	115,238
Public Safety	392,645	-	392,645
UW Extension Programs	49	-	49
Fair Park-Donated Funds	26,577	=	26,577
Zoning-Landfill	244,722	-	244,722
Health and Human Services	896,998	-	896,998
Debt Service	75,384	046.000	75,384
Pension Benefits	9,120,750	916,883	10,037,633
Road Improvement Projects-Municipalities Unrestricted	12,004,435	121,576 6,031,956_	121,576 33,020,801
Total Net Position	\$ 118,808,877	\$31,902,668	\$ 150,711,545

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

			Program Revenues	v	Net and Ch	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	le ition
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Govermental	Business- Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities				•		•	
General Government	\$ 7,217,855	\$ 1,326,017	\$ 591,913	·	(5,299,925)	, ,	\$ (5,289,925)
Public Safety	13,633,535	1,213,987	306,458	517,482	(11,595,608)	•	(11,595,608)
Public Works	3,380,318	101,141	48,323	•	(3,230,854)		(3,230,854)
Health and Human Services	24,013,473	6,180,924	8,933,736	•	(8,898,813)	•	(8,898,813)
Culture, Recreation, and Education	3,622,571	1,195,657	132,978	30,721	(2,263,215)	•	(2,263,215)
Conservation and Development	1,367,183	319,575	301,733	•	(745,875)	•	(745,875)
Interest on Debt	391,006	. •		•	(391,006)	•	(391,006)
Total Governmental Activities	53,625,941	10,337,301	10,315,141	548,203	(32,425,296)	1	(32,425,296)
Business-type Activities Highway	6,205,070	3,048,127	1,628,945	628,378	•	(899,620)	(899,620)
Total Primary Government	\$ 59,831,011	\$ 13,385,428	\$ 11,944,085	\$ 1,176,580			
General Revenues							
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	poses				21,911,746	5,743,609	27,655,355
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	. 4)				1,180,096		1,180,096
Sales tax					5,847,632	•	5,847,632
Other Taxes					251,479		251,479
State Aids Not Restricted to Specific Functions	nctions				2,159,448		2,159,448
Investment Earnings					367,539	- 60	367,539
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets						263,479	263,479
Total General Revenues					31,717,940	6,007,088	37,725,028
Transfers In					5,822,444	3,246,021	9,068,465
Transfers Out					(3,246,021)	(5,822,444)	(9,068,465)
Change in Not Docition					1 869 067	2 531 045	4 400 112
					0000	2,000	1, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net Position Reginging of Year as Restated					116 939 810	29.371.623	146 311 433
Degiming of real, as respaced					0.000	070,100	20,01
End of Year					\$ 118,808,877	\$ 31,902,668	\$ 150,711,545

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

		General		Special Revenue Fund Human Services		Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
Assets						,				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	169,494	\$	597,614	\$	869,269	\$	1,636,377
Investments		28,106,593		-		-		-		28,106,593
Property Taxes Receivables										
Current Year Tax Levy		13,605,925		8,331,173		-		1,976,491		23,913,589
Delinquent Property Taxes Accounts Receivable		4,266,880		-		-		-		4,266,880
Due from Other Government Units		1,699,272		698,237				27,432		2,424,941
General Accounts Receivable		1,669,464		662,539		_		6,840		2,338,843
Due from Other Funds		-		-		1,250,432		-		1,250,432
Inventories		293,953		-		· · · -		-		293,953
Prepaid Expenditures		1,020,993		247,487		-		18,205		1,286,685
Deposit Held by Mutual Insurance Company		783,000		-		-		-		783,000
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,099,877	_	304,306				-		1,404,183
Total Assets	\$	52,545,957		10,413,236		1,848,046		2,898,237	<u>\$</u> _	67,705,476
1 to 1 that are										
Liabilities Accounts Payable	æ	4 300 000	æ	1 020 544	r		æ		ø	E 244 E40
Accounts Payable Delinquent Special Assessments Due to	\$	4,280,969	\$	1,030,541	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,311,510
Other Governments		89,564		_		_		-		89,564
Accrued Liabilities		2,295,615		57,224		_		13,880		2,366,719
Due to Other Funds		1,250,432				-		-		1,250,432
Unearned Revenues		1,854		2,040						3,894
Total Liabilities		7,918,434		1,089,805		-		13,880		9,022,119
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Subsequent Year Tax Levy		12,504,763		8,331,173		-		1,976,491		22,812,427
Delinquent Taxes		1,615,088		-		-		-		1,615,088
Grant Funds		74,737		-		-		-		74,737
Delinquent Fees		411,671	_			-		4.070.404		411,671
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		14,606,259		8,331,173				1,976,491		24,913,923
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		4,660,175		247,487		_		18,205		4,925,867
Restricted		.,000,0		2,.07				.0,200		.,020,00.
Economic Development		230,791		-		-		-		230,791
Economic Development-Revolving Loan Fund		707,641		-		-		-		707,641
Register of Deeds-statute		139,972		-		-		-		139,972
County Clerk-ICC Funds		520		-		-		-		520
Land Information-statute		96,011		-		-		-		96,011
Parks improvements		115,238		-		-		-		115,238
Public Safety programs UW Extension educational activities		392,645 49		_		-		_		392,645 49
Fair Park-donations		26,577		_		_		_		26,577
Zoning		244,722		_		_		-		244,722
Health and Human Services Programs		-		64,516		-		814,277		878,793
Debt Service Fund		-		-		-		75,384		75,384
Capital Projects Fund		-		-		1,848,046		-		1,848,046
Committed		197,593		-		-		-		197,593
Assigned		5,581,140		680,255		-		-		6,261,395
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		<u>17,628,190</u> 30,021,264		992,258		1,848,046		907,866		17,628,190
Total Fullu Balances		30,021,204		992,200		1,040,040		907,000		33,769,434
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	52,545,957	\$	10,413,236	\$	1,848,046	\$	2,898,237		
	_		<u> </u>	,	Ť	1,0 10,0 10	_	2,000,207		
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in	the sta	tement of net po	ositio	n are different be	ecaus	e :				
Capital assets used in governmental funds are n Long term debt is not due and payable in the cur Bond issue premium is to be amortized over the Accrued interest is not due and payable in the cu Other long-term assets that are not available to p	rent pe life of t urrent p	riod and therefor he bond and the eriod and there	ore is erefo fore i	not reported in tree not reported in some some some not reported in	the fur n the f the ft	nds. funds. unds.	funds			94,757,144 (16,404,000) (442,457) (91,199) 2,101,496
Compensated absences are not due and payable	•							-		(3,983,522)
Stripsississ and side for add and payable		ponou			poi		-			(0,000,022)
Deferred amount related to pension										4,624,251

Total Net Position as per Statement of Net Position

\$ 118,808,877

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Special

Revenues Property Taxes \$ 13,397,598 \$ 8,350,391 \$ - \$ 2,055,319 \$ 23,803,248 Sales Taxes 5,847,633 - - - 5,847,633 Intergovernmental Revenues 5,990,643 7,249,131 - - 478,584 12,818,358 Licenses and Permitis 213,283 7,249,131 - - - 213,283 Fines and Forfeitures 437,789 - - 27,168 213,283 Fines and Forfeitures 240,0247 4,477,201 - 27,168 2,108,915 Intergovernmental Charges 716,470 1,365,277 - 27,168 2,108,915 Miscellaneous Revenues 1,133,933 80,109 3,001 2,860,095 53,622,742 Total Revenues 29,237,537 21,522,109 3,001 2,860,095 53,622,742 Expenditures General Government 8,201,569 - - 1,718,036 22,364,967 Public Safety 13,178,347 - - 1,718,0		Revenue Fund Human General Services		Revenue Fund Nonmajor Human Capital Governmenta		Total
Sales Taxes	Revenues					
Intergovernmental Revenues 5,090,643 7,249,131 - 478,584 12,818,358 Licenses and Permits 213,283 437,789 Public Charges for Services 2,400,247 4,477,201 297,910 7,175,358 Intergovernmental Charges 716,470 1,365,277			\$ 8,350,391	\$ -	\$ 2,055,319	
Licenses and Permits			-	-		
Fines and Forfeitures	•		7,249,131	-	478,584	
Public Charges for Services 2,400,247 4,477,201 - 297,910 7,175,358 Intergovernmental Charges 716,470 1,365,277 - 27,168 2,108,915 Miscellaneous Revenues 1,133,933 80,109 3,001 2,860,095 53,622,742			-	-	-	
Intergovernmental Charges 716,470 1,365,277 27,168 2,108,915		•	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous Revenues				-		
Total Revenues 29,237,537 21,522,109 3,001 2,860,095 53,622,742 Expenditures General Government 8,201,569 - - - - 8,201,569 Public Safety 13,178,347 - - - 1,718,036 23,864,967 Public Works 1,497,075 20,649,856 - 1,718,036 23,864,967 Public Works 169,590 - 51,658 - 221,248 Culture, Recreation, and Education 3,259,352 - - - - 221,248 Culture, Recreation and Development 1,457,671 - - - - 1,457,671 - - - 1,457,671 - - - 1,457,671 - - - - 1,457,671 - <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>•</td> <td></td>		•		-	•	
Expenditures General Government 8,201,569						
General Government Public Safety 8,201,569 - - - 8,201,569 - 1,3178,347 - 13,178,347 - 13,178,347 - 13,178,347 - 13,178,346 23,864,967 - 1,718,036 23,864,967 - 1,718,036 23,864,967 - - 1,718,036 23,864,967 - - 1,718,036 23,864,967 - - - 221,248 - 221,248 - 221,248 - - - - - - - - - 3,259,352 - - - - - 1,457,671 - - - 1,457,671 - - - 1,457,671 - - - 1,457,671 - - - - 2,959,392 -<	Total Revenues	29,237,537	21,522,109	3,001	2,860,095	53,622,742
Public Safety 13,178,347 - - 13,178,347 Health and Human Services 1,497,075 20,649,856 - 1,718,036 23,864,967 Public Works 169,590 - 51,658 - 221,248 Culture, Recreation, and Education 3,259,352 - - - 3,259,352 Conservation and Development 1,457,671 - - - 1,457,671 Capital Outlay 978,444 339,272 4,145,921 20,300 5,483,937 Debt Service - - - - 995,000 995,000 Principal - - - - 995,000 995,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 999,000 995,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 79,996 415,400 495,396 Total Expenditures 495,489 532,981 (4,274,575 3,148,736 57,157,487 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 495,489 532,981	Expenditures					
Health and Human Services	General Government	8,201,569	-	-	-	
Public Works 169,590 - 51,658 - 221,248 Culture, Recreation, and Education 3,259,352 - - - 3,259,352 Conservation and Development 1,457,671 - - - 1,457,671 Capital Outlay 978,444 339,272 4,145,921 20,300 5,483,937 Debt Service - - - 995,000 995,000 Principal - - - 995,000 995,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 79,996 415,400 495,396 Total Expenditures 28,742,048 20,989,128 4,277,575 3,148,736 57,157,487 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 495,489 532,981 (4,274,574) (288,641) (3,534,745) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000	Public Safety	13,178,347	-	-	-	13,178,347
Culture, Recreation, and Education Conservation and Development 3,259,352 - - 3,259,352 Conservation and Development Capital Outlay 978,444 339,272 4,145,921 20,300 5,483,937 Debt Service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures - - - 995,000 995,000 Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures - - 79,996 415,400 495,396 Total Expenditures 28,742,048 20,989,128 4,277,575 3,148,736 57,157,487 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 495,489 532,981 (4,274,574) (288,641) (3,534,745) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Health and Human Services	1,497,075	20,649,856	-	1,718,036	
Conservation and Development 1,457,671 - - 1,457,671 Capital Outlay 978,444 339,272 4,145,921 20,300 5,483,937 Debt Service Principal - - - 995,000 995,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 79,996 415,400 495,396 Total Expenditures 28,742,048 20,989,128 4,277,575 3,148,736 57,157,487 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 495,489 532,981 (4,274,574) (288,641) (3,534,745) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,05	Public Works	169,590	-	51,658	-	221,248
Capital Outlay 978,444 339,272 4,145,921 20,300 5,483,937 Debt Service Principal - - - 995,000 995,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 79,996 415,400 495,396 Total Expenditures 28,742,048 20,989,128 4,277,575 3,148,736 57,157,487 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 495,489 532,981 (4,274,574) (288,641) (3,534,745) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Total Other Financing - (216,556) - - - (216,556) Total Other Financing - (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 <	Culture, Recreation, and Education	3,259,352	-	-	-	3,259,352
Debt Service	Conservation and Development	1,457,671	-	-	-	1,457,671
Principal Interest and fiscal charges - - - 79,996 415,400 495,396 Total Expenditures 28,742,048 20,989,128 4,277,575 3,148,736 57,157,487 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 495,489 532,981 (4,274,574) (288,641) (3,534,745) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409<	Capital Outlay	978,444	339,272	4,145,921	20,300	5,483,937
Interest and fiscal charges - - 79,996 415,400 495,396 Total Expenditures 28,742,048 20,989,128 4,277,575 3,148,736 57,157,487	Debt Service					
Total Expenditures 28,742,048 20,989,128 4,277,575 3,148,736 57,157,487 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 495,489 532,981 (4,274,574) (288,641) (3,534,745) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	Principal	-	-	-		995,000
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 495,489 532,981 (4,274,574) (288,641) (3,534,745) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	Interest and fiscal charges			79,996	415,400	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	Total Expenditures	28,742,048	20,989,128	4,277,575	3,148,736	57,157,487
Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	495,489	532,981	(4,274,574)	(288,641)	(3,534,745)
Proceeds from Notes Payable 14,000 - - 14,000 General Obligation Debt Issued - - 3,766,902 118,098 3,885,000 Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Transfer Out - (216,556) - - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646		14,000	-	-	=	14,000
Premium on Debt Issued - - 153,533 - 153,533 Transfer In 216,556 - - - 216,556 Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	General Obligation Debt Issued	-	-	3,766,902	118,098	3,885,000
Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	-	_	-	153,533	-	153,533
Transfer Out - (216,556) - - (216,556) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	Transfer In	216,556	-	· <u>-</u>	-	216,556
Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	Transfer Out	-	(216,556)	-	<u></u>	(216,556)
Sources (Uses) 230,556 (216,556) 3,920,435 118,098 4,052,533 Change in Fund Balances 726,045 316,425 (354,139) (170,543) 517,788 Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646	Total Other Financing					
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year 29,295,219 675,833 2,202,185 1,078,409 33,251,646		230,556	(216,556)	3,920,435	118,098	4,052,533
	Change in Fund Balances	726,045	316,425	(354,139)	(170,543)	517,788
Fund Balances, End of Year \$ 30,021,264 \$ 992,258 \$ 1,848,046 \$ 907,866 \$ 33,769,434	Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	29,295,219	675,833	2,202,185	1,078,409	33,251,646
	Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 30,021,264	\$ 992,258	\$ 1,848,046	\$ 907,866	\$ 33,769,434

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	517,788
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful			
lives and report as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay reported in governmental statements	\$ 3,182,816		
Infrastructure transferred from the Highway Department	5,822,444		
Total capital outlay and infrastructure			9,005,260
Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities			(3,739,382)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial			
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds			(433,833)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental			
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes			
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction,			
however, has any effect on the net position.			
Proceeds of long term debt issued			(3,885,000)
Promissory note issued			(14,000)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governement			
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the			
current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction, however,			
has any effect on net assets.			
Long-term debt principal retirement			995,000
Governmental funds report debt premiums or discounts as other financing			
sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the statement of net position,			
these are deferred and reported as other assets or adjustments to long-term			
debt. They are amortized over the period the debt is outstanding in the			
statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.			
Premium on debt issued			(153,533)
Amortization of premium			20,448
Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported in the governmental			
funds as an expenditure when paid, but in the statement of			
activities interest is reported as it accrues.			3,945
Certain employee benefits are reported in the governmental funds when			
amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of			
benefits earned during the year.			54,512
In governmental funds the entire proceeds, if any, from the disposal of			
capital assets is reported as other financing sources. In the			
statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal is			
reported.			
Loss on disposal reported on the statement of activities		_	(502,138)
Change in Net Position for Governmental Activities		\$	1,869,067

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2015

	Highway
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,217,018
Property Taxes Receivable-Current Year Tax Levy	5,808,537
Accounts Receivable	
Due from Other Government Units	1,343,459
General Accounts Receivable	10,918
Inventories	1,600,450
Prepaid Items	72,591
Total Current Assets	13,052,973
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted Net Pension Asset	442,852
Capital Assets	
Land	1,617,151
Buildings and Improvements	15,861,452
Machinery and Equipment	16,240,979
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(8,887,329)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	24,832,253
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,275,105
Total Assets	38,328,078
Deferred Outflows	
Deferred Amount Related to Pension	492,800
Deferred Amount Related to Pension	492,000
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	38,820,878
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	274,783
Accrued Liabilities	274,572
Accrued Compensated Absenses, Current Portion	491,450
Total Current Liabilities	1,040,805
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Accrued Compensated Absenses, Noncurrent Portion	68,868
Accorded Compensated Assertions, Honouries, Children	
Total Liabilities	1,109,673
Deferred Inflows	
Subsequent Year Tax Levy	5,808,537_
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	6,918,210
Total Elabilities and Deletted Illitows	0,310,210
Net Position	
Investment in Capital Assets	24,832,253
Restricted for Municipal Road Aid Projects	121,576
Restricted for Pension Benefits	916,883
Unrestricted	6,031,956
Total Net Position	\$ 31,902,668

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Highway
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 3,417,871
Miscellaneous Revenues	122,513
Total Operating Revenues	3,540,384
Operating Expenses	
Operation and Maintenance	10,653,442
Depreciation	1,374,072
Total Operating Expenses	12,027,514
Operating Loss	(8,487,130)
Nonoperating Revenues	
Property Taxes	5,743,609
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,628,946
Gain on Disposal of Assets	263,479
Total Nonoperating Revenues	7,636,034
Loss Before Contributions	(851,096)
Capital Contributions	3,382,141
Change in Net Position	2,531,045
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	29,371,623
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 31,902,668

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Highway
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	2,569,497
Payments to Suppliers		(6,717,815)
Payments to Employees		(4,254,003)
Net Cash from Operating Activities		(8,402,321)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
General Property Taxes		5,743,609
Intergovernmental Revenue		1,628,946
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities		7,372,555
Cash Flows from Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(749,299)
Net Cash from Capital and		
Related Financing Activities		(749,299)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		5,996,083
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	4,217,018

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

From Operating Loss \$ (8,487,130) Operating Loss \$ (8,487,130) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities 1,374,072 Depreciation expense 1,374,072 Change in Assets and Liabilities (970,888) Accounts Receivable (970,888) Inventories (378,326) Prepaid Items (1,625) Deferred Amount Related to Pension (18,770) Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ (8,402,321) Noncash Transactions \$ (8,402,321) Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$ 3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802) Gain on Assets for Equipment Traded-in \$ 263,479	Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities Depreciation expense 1,374,072 Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts Receivable (970,888) Inventories (378,326) Prepaid Items (1,625) Deferred Amount Related to Pension (18,770) Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities \$(8,402,321)\$ Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)		•	(0.407.400)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities Depreciation expense 1,374,072 Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts Receivable (970,888) Inventories (378,326) Prepaid Items (1,625) Deferred Amount Related to Pension (18,770) Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ (8,402,321) Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$ 3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	, -	\$	(8,487,130)
Depreciation expense	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts Receivable (970,888) Inventories (378,326) Prepaid Items (1,625) Deferred Amount Related to Pension (18,770) Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities \$(8,402,321)\$ Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	·		
Accounts Receivable (970,888) Inventories (378,326) Prepaid Items (1,625) Deferred Amount Related to Pension (18,770) Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities \$(8,402,321)\$ Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	Depreciation expense		1,374,072
Inventories (378,326) Prepaid Items (1,625) Deferred Amount Related to Pension (18,770) Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ (8,402,321) Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$ 3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	Change in Assets and Liabilities		
Prepaid Items (1,625) Deferred Amount Related to Pension (18,770) Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ (8,402,321) Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$ 3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	Accounts Receivable		(970,888)
Deferred Amount Related to Pension Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund Capital Assets Contributed from the State Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in Sequipment Traded-in Equipment Traded-in Sequipment Traded-in	Inventories		(378,326)
Deferred Amount Related to Pension Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund Capital Assets Contributed from the State Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in Sequipment Traded-in Equipment Traded-in Sequipment Traded-in	Prepaid Items		(1,625)
Accounts Payable 60,775 Accrued Payroll 39,845 Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities \$ (8,402,321) Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$ 3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)			
Accrued Payroll Other Compensated Absences (20,274) Net Cash from Operating Activities Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund Capital Assets Contributed from the State Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	Accounts Pavable		• • •
Other Compensated Absences Net Cash from Operating Activities Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund Capital Assets Contributed from the State Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	·		•
Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund Capital Assets Contributed from the State Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	·		•
Noncash Transactions Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund \$3,246,021 Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	•	\$	
Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund Sapital Assets Contributed from the State Sapital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in Sapital Additions for Equipment Traded-in Sapital Assets Fund Sapital Assets	not such nom sporuting /totavities	<u> </u>	(0,402,021)
Capital Assets Contributed from the State 136,120 Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	Noncash Transactions		
Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	Capital Assets Transferred from Capital Projects Fund	\$	3,246,021
Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	Capital Assets Contributed from the State		136,120
Equipment Traded-in \$ 2,183,281 Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	Capital Additions for Equipment Received in Exchange for		
Net Book Value of Disposal of Capital Assets for Equipment Traded-in(1,919,802)		\$	2.183.281
Equipment Traded-in (1,919,802)	• •	*	
	·		(1 919 802)
	·	\$	

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies utilized by Jefferson County, Wisconsin (Jefferson County or County).

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension – an Amendment of GASB statement No. 27. In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71 – Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. These statements establish accounting and financial reporting standards related to reporting for pension plans.

Jefferson County implemented these standards effective January 1, 2015.

A. Reporting entity

Jefferson County is a municipal corporation under the laws of the State of Wisconsin and is governed by an elected thirty member Board of Supervisors. This report includes all of the funds of Jefferson County. The reporting entity for the County consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

A legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable to the organization. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

A legally separate, tax exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

This report does not contain any component units.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days (exception to this is property taxes, which are 60 days) of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the County is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the County, which are not available, are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are also recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include general intergovernmental assistance, intergovernmental contracts/grants, interdepartmental revenues, property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, charges for services and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measureable and available under criteria described above.

The County reports deferred inflows and unearned revenues on the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources arise from taxes levied in the current year that are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows of resources arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measureable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise from exchange transactions when resources are received before the County has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred inflow of resources is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described for the business-type activities previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary finds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and enterprise statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise funds that the County believes are particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Human Services Fund – The fund accounts for the programs operated by the County's Human Services Department. Financing is provided by federal and state grants and property taxes.

Capital Projects Fund – The fund accounts for major construction projects by the County. This fund was used for the construction of the new highway facility.

The government reports the following major enterprise fund:

Highway Fund – The fund accounts for road and bridge maintenance and construction that are provided on a cost reimbursement basis.

In addition, the County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Health Services Fund Debt Service Fund

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

1. Cash, cash equivalents, and investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The County invests in accordance with the County's investment policy and Wisconsin State Statutes Section 66.0603. Under state statute, investments are limited to:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company, or savings and loan association authorized to transact business in the state;
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, vocational education district, village, town, or school district of the state;
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government;
- Any security which matures within not more than 7 years, if that security has a rating which is the highest or 2nd highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's corporation, Moody's investors service, or similar rating agency;
- Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, if the
 company or trust does not charge a sales load, is registered under the investment
 company act of 1940, and if the portfolio is limited to bonds and securities issued by the
 federal government, bonds that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the
 federal government, or repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by bonds or
 securities of the federal government;
- The state local government investment pool.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

2. Receivables and payables (continued)

Wisconsin cities, villages, and towns are charged with the responsibility of assessing taxable property, collecting taxes and making distribution to the state, county, school districts, and other taxing jurisdictions. Property of manufacturing establishments and utilities is assessed by the State Department of Revenue. All assessments are made as of January 1. Taxes on real estate and personal property are levied in December of each year by each municipality within the County for each taxing jurisdiction in amounts that, when collected in the ensuing year, are sufficient to cover net operating expenses, debt service, and other expenditures of the said taxing jurisdiction.

In all taxation districts, real property taxes must either be paid in full by January 31 to the taxation district treasurer, or paid in two or more installments with the first installment paid by January 31 and the balance due by July 31. Amounts paid after January 31 are paid to the County Treasurer. During February, all tax rolls are turned over to the County Treasurer who then continues to collect all delinquent and postponed taxes. Personal property taxes, special assessments, special charges and special taxes must be paid in full by January 31.

During January and February, the taxation district treasurer settles with other taxing jurisdictions for all collections through the preceding month. During August, the County Treasurer must settle in full with the underlying taxing jurisdictions for all real estate and special taxes (except special assessments). The County may then recover any tax delinquencies by enforcing the lien on the property (which commences on September 1) and retain any penalties or interest on the delinquencies for which it has settled.

Collection of delinquent personal property taxes is the duty of the local taxation district treasurer. However, if they remain uncollected after one year, each taxing jurisdiction may be billed their proportionate amount.

3. Inventories

Inventories are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method for Governmental activities and weighted average method for Business-type activities. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by nonspendable balances in the respective funds to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

4. Prepaid items

Certain payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by nonspendable balances in the respective funds to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the statement of net position for the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for all funds. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The County participated in a flood mitigation program in which purchased property is held for flood mitigation purposes.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50
Road surfaces	25
Bridges	50
Equipment	3-15

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

6. Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits up to certain limits. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Sick pay is accrued as a liability on the government-wide financial statements as the benefits are earned by the employee but only to the extent it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through cash payments conditioned on the employees' termination or retirement. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenues

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unearned revenues are recorded for resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Self-funded insurance

The County is self-insured for its dental and worker's compensation claims. The claim costs are accounted for in the General Fund. The County calculates the contribution per employee for dental and worker's compensation insurance, which is used to charge other funds. An estimated liability for dental, general liability, and worker's compensation insurance claim incurred but not reported has been accrued in the General, Human Services, Health Services and Highway Funds.

10. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds on a straight-line method basis, which approximates the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

10. Long-term obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

11. Fund equity

Government-wide statements:

Equity is classified as net position government-wide and proprietary fund statements and displayed in three components:

- a. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability or deferred inflow relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or deferred inflows or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- c. The unrestricted component of net position is the amount of the assets and deferred outflows, net of the liabilities and deferred inflows that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)
- 11. Fund equity (continued)

Fund statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- a. Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted includes fund balance amounts when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed includes fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a resolution of the County Board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to preciously commit those funds.
- d. Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are considered by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Fund balances may be assigned through the following: (1) The County Board has adopted a financial policy authorizing administration and committees of the County Board to assign amount for a specific purpose and (2) All remaining positive spendable amounts in the governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed. The fund balance policy includes vested benefits to be fully funded through assigned fund balance. Also included in assigned fund balance, with approval through the County Board, is the remaining balance of the Health Service Fund.
- e. Unassigned includes the residual general fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. It also includes deficit fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity (continued)

11. Fund equity (continued)

The County considered restricted amounts to be spent first when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County will first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balances when expenditures are made.

The County has adopted a policy to maintain a minimum of two months, with a goal of three months, of budgeted General and Health Department fund expenditures in its respective fund balances. The General Department is included in the unassigned fund balance and the Health Department is included in restricted fund balance.

The County's total column for net position has been adjusted for the 2013A and the 2014A General Obligation County Building Bonds recorded as governmental debt, but used to construct business-type activity capital assets. Neither the governmental or business-type activities net investment in capital assets have been reduced by those bonds, but the total column does reflect that reduction to properly reflect the bonds effect on total net position.

E. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, cash equivalents, and investments

The County maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed in the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" and "Investments."

The carrying amount of the County's cash, cash equivalents, and investments consist of the following:

Demand Deposits	\$ 1,499,990
Petty Cash	4,700
Mutual Funds	145,176
Certificates of Deposit	255,000
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	5,352,712
US Treasury Notes	3,265,160
Federal Home Loan Bank	3,593,674
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	5,635,189
Federal Farm Credit Bank	2,894,534
Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds	4,626,569
Small Business Administration Bonds	987,585
Corporate Bonds	7,103,882
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$ 35,364,171

Cash and investments are presented in the statement of net position as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,853,395
Investments	28,106,593
Restricted Cash	1,404,183
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 35,364,171

Deposits and investments of the County are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the specific risks and the County's policy related to the risk.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

A. Cash, cash equivalents, and investments (continued)

1. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. It is the policy of the County that for all portfolios with outside investment advisors, the County will use an independent third-party custodian.

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for demand deposits and \$250,000 for time and savings deposits.

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2015, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund is abolished. This coverage has not been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2015, the fair value of the County's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

As of December 31, 2015, \$1,664,483 of the County's deposits of \$2,166,285 with financial institutions was in excess of federal depository insurance limits and uncollateralized. The County's policy does not require collateral for any deposit that exceeds the amounts guaranteed by the State and the FDIC.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

A. Cash, cash equivalents, and investments (continued)

2. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

The County's investment policy limits the County to investments of the following type:

- US Government securities
- US Government backed securities
- US Government Agencies that are implicitly backed by the US Government
- Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool
- Commercial paper with companies rated AAA
- Corporate Bonds

In the event a corporate security subsequently drops below the rating, the County shall not purchase any additional securities issued by that corporation until such time as their rating returns to the required rating.

Below is a listing of the County investment balances subject to credit risk and the corresponding rating at the end of the year by Standard and Poor's:

Investment Type	Amount	US Govt Guaranteed	AA+	AA	<u>AA-</u>	A+	Not Rated
US Treasury Notes	\$ 3,265,160	\$ 3,265,160	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Agency Securities	16,749,966	-	16,749,966	-	-	-	-
Corporate Bonds	7,103,882	-	1,592,374	2,765,291	2,448,273	297,944	-
Small Business Administration Bonds	987,585	987,585	-		-		-
Total	\$28,106,593	\$ 4,252,745	\$ 18,342,340	\$2,765,291	\$2,448,273	\$ 297,944	\$ -

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

A. Cash, cash equivalents, and investments (continued)

3. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk refers to risk of loss attributed to the County investment in a single issuer. The County's investment policy related to concentration of credit risk is that the County Investment Officer shall diversify the investment portfolio within the allowed securities as needed with investment return, liquidity, and immediate cash flow needs kept in mind. The only limit related to concentration of securities with a single issuer shall be that no more than five percent (5%) of the investment portfolio shall be in commercial paper.

As of December 31, 2015, the issuer concentration is listed below.

<u>Issuer</u>	Percent of Total Investments
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	10.7%
Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds	13.8%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	16.8%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	8.6%

4. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that, changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's investment policy related to interest rate risk is that the County shall be subject to restrictions as imposed by law (Section 66.0603(1m) of Wisconsin State Statutes). As of December 31, 2015, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Maturities (in Years) Fair Value 1 - 5 10 or More **Investment Type** Less than 1 \$ 145,176 \$ \$ Money Market Funds 145,176 Local Government Investment Pool 5,352,712 5,352,712 **US Treasury Notes** 3,265,160 3,265,160 **Federal Agency Securities** 1,225,972 8,306,922 2,590,503 4,626,569 16,749,966 5.390.883 Corporate Bonds 7,103,882 600,419 1,112,580 Small Business Administration Bonds 987,585 987,585 \$ 16,962,965 \$5,614,154 Total \$33,604,481 \$ 7,324,279 \$3,703,083

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Restricted assets

Restricted assets on December 31, 2015 consisted of cash, cash equivalents and investments held for the following purposes:

General Fund		
Park Land Purchase and Development	\$	81,628
Park Endowment Fund (Carlin Weld)		5,000
Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund		486,739
Sheriff Restricted Purposes Checking Accounts		107,263
Clerk of Courts Certificate of Deposit		100,000
Clerk of Courts Checking		293,265
Clerk of Courts LGIP Investment	_	25,982
General Fund Total		1,099,877
Human Services		
Donation Accounts		2,362
Protective Payee Accounts		301,944
Human Services Total		304,306
Total	\$	1,404,183

C. Property tax apportionments

Property taxes are apportioned annually in November to local taxing units within the County for financing state charges and the subsequent year's operations of the County. Since the November apportionment is for the subsequent year's budget, the County's apportionment is recorded as deferred inflows of resources at year end. Property tax payments from individual property owners are due in two installments by January 31 and July 31. During the month of February, each local taxing district settles with the County for both collected and unpaid property taxes. At the February settlement, the County becomes responsible for the collection of unpaid property taxes, including unpaid property taxes returned by local taxing districts for financing their individual operations. Property taxes subsequently not paid by property owners by September 1 of the same year are considered delinquent. The delinquent taxes are then acquired by the County's General Fund in accordance with state statutes in order to provide the County with statutory lien.

Property taxes recorded on December 31, 2015 for collection in 2016 are for the following:

State apportionment County apportionment	\$ 1,101,162 28,620,964
Total	\$ 29,722,126

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

D. <u>Delinquent property taxes - General Fund</u>

Delinquent property taxes of the General Fund represent unpaid property taxes on real estate, including state and local government equities therein. Under state statutes, the County annually reimburses the state and local governments, school districts, and technical colleges within the County for their equities in property taxes not collected from the property owner. Unless redeemed by the property owner, the County will eventually obtain tax deed ownership of the properties comprising delinquent taxes. In the past, the County has generally been able to recover its investment in delinquent taxes by sale of the tax deeded properties.

On December 31, 2015, the County's General Fund reports \$3,210,871 in delinquent taxes as tax certificates as shown in the following aging.

		S	Special			
Year Acquired	 <u>Total</u>	Ass	essments_	Net		
Prior to 2009	\$ 113,275	\$	_	\$	113,275	
2009	160,461		-		160,461	
2010	242,795		6,579		236,216	
2011	350,041		29,150		320,891	
2012	473,395		26,854		446,541	
2013	737,857		-		737,857	
2014	1,195,630		-		1,195,630	
Total	\$ 3,273,454	\$	62,583	_\$_	3,210,871	

In 2005, the County adopted a resolution that limits the County's requirement to settle with other taxing jurisdictions for unpaid special assessments using county funds. The County has resolved to settle in full for unpaid special assessments or special charges not to exceed a total of \$10,000 per tax parcel. Included in the above tax certificates is \$62,583 of delinquent special assessments that exceed the County's threshold of \$10,000 per tax parcel. There is \$26,981 of interest on delinquent special assessments also outstanding. These amounts will be remitted to the appropriate taxing jurisdictions only to the extent collected by the County.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

E. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	\$ 29,722,126
	0.0=0.454
Delinquent Property Taxes	3,273,454
Interest on Delinquent Property Taxes	993,426
Total Delinquent Taxes	4,266,880
Total Taxes	33,989,006
Due From Other Government	3,768,400
Accounts Receivable	2,349,761
Total Accounts Receivable	6,118,161
Net Total Receivables	\$ 40,107,167

F. <u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental fund were as follows:

	Unavailable		Tax Levy		Total
Subsequent Year Property Tax Levy	\$	-	\$22,812,427	\$	22,812,427
Delinquent Taxes	1,615	,088	-		1,615,088
Grant Revenue	74,	,737	-		74,737
Delinquent Fees	411	,671			411,671
Total	\$ 2,101	496	\$22,812,427	\$	24,913,923

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

G. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 5,595,377	\$ 1,005,084	\$ -	\$ 6,600,461
Land - Right of Way	9,011,505	30,633	-	9,042,138
Land - Flood Mitigation	12,301,042	557,735	-	12,858,777
Construction in Progress	3,769,777	1,304,270_	3,392,821	1,681,226
Total Capital Assets,				
not Being Depreciated	30,677,701	2,897,722	3,392,821	30,182,602
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	29,159,809	380,006	-	29,539,815
Roads and Bridges	68,997,509	7,880,362	2,263,768	74,614,103
Equipment	10,992,507_	1,239,991	139,947	12,092,551
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	109,149,825_	9,500,359	2,403,715	116,246,469
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	20,386,474	611,055	-	20,997,529
Roads and Bridges	23,618,737	2,043,507	1,788,723	23,873,521
Equipment	5,828,911	1,084,820_	112,854	6,800,877
Total Accumulated Depreciation	49,834,122	3,739,382	1,901,577	51,671,927
Capital Assets Being Depreciated,				
Net of Accumulated Deprecitation	59,315,703	5,760,977	502,138	64,574,542
Total Capital Assets,				
Net of Depreciation	<u>\$ 89,993,404</u>	<u>\$ 8,658,699</u>	<u>\$ 3,894,959</u>	<u>\$ 94,757,144</u>

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

G. Capital assets (continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Business Activities				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land-Highway	\$ 703,154	\$ 913,997	\$ -	\$ 1,617,151
Construction in Progress	13,082,279	4,145,921	17,228,200	
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	13,785,433	5,059,918	17,228,200	1,617,151
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	2,725,493	13,416,500	280,541	15,861,452
Equipment	13,611,173	5,108,056	2,478,250	16,240,979
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	16,336,666	18,524,556	2,758,791	32,102,431
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	2,150,079	270,326	280,542	2,139,863
Equipment	6,160,615	1,103,746	516,895	6,747,466
Total Accumulated Depreciation	8,310,694	1,374,072	797,437	8,887,329
Capital Assets Being Depreciated,				
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	8,025,972	17,150,484	1,961,354	23,215,102
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 21,811,405	\$ 22,210,402	\$ 19,189,554	\$ 24,832,253
•				

Capital additions to the Highway Fund of \$3,246,021 were contributed from the Capital Projects Fund and \$136,120 was contributed from the State of Wisconsin.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 425,785
Public Safety	549,362
Public Works	2,047,075
Health and Human Services	339,094
Culture, Recreation and Education	367,992
Conservation and Development	 10,074
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 3,739,382
Business-Type Activities-Highway	\$ 1,374,072

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

H. Interfund activity

The details of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2015 are shown below:

	<u>Tr</u>	Transfer In		nsfer Out_	Purpose
General Fund Human Services	\$	216,556	\$	-	Surplus
Human Services				216,556_	Surplus
	\$	216,556	\$	216,556_	

During the year, infrastructure assets related to governmental activities with a book value of \$5,822,444 were transferred from the Highway Fund. This amount has been reported as an operating expense in the Highway Fund statements, rather than a transfer of financial resources. However, in the government-wide statements a transfer of capital resources was reported. Additionally construction of the new highway shop of \$3,246,021 was transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities. In the governmental fund statements this is reflected as an expense while the highway fund records a capital contribution. For the government wide statements this amount is reclassified and presented as transfers in and out.

The details of interfund receivables and payables for the year ended December 31, 2015 are shown below. Interfund payables were incurred to replenish deficit cash balances.

	Due To			Due From		
Capital Projects	\$	1,250,432	\$	-		
General Fund		-		1,250,432		
	\$	1,250,432	\$	1,250,432		

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

I. Long-term obligations

Legal margin for new debt

Wisconsin statutes limit direct general obligation borrowing in the amount equivalent to 5% of the equalized valuation of taxable property. The County's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2015 follows:

Equalized Value of the County (TID in)	\$ 6,488,642,200
Statutory Limitation Percent	5%
General Obligation Debt Limition, as per	
Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes	324,432,110
Less Outstanding General Obligation Debt	 (16,404,000)
Remaining Legal Margin	\$ 308,028,110

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions	R	eductions		Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities										
General Obilgation Bonds	\$	13,500,000	\$	3,885,000	\$	995,000	\$	16,390,000	\$	745,000
Promissory Note		-		14,000		-		14,000		-
Debt Premium		309,372		153,533		20,448		442,457		23,519
Compensated Absences		3,879,724		3,258,783		3,154,985		3,983,522		3,269,340
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term				-						
Liabilities	\$	17,689,096	\$	7,311,316	\$	4,170,433	\$	20,829,979	\$	4,037,859
Business-Type Activities Compensated Absences	<u> </u>	580,592	<u> </u>	431,906		452,180	 \$	560,318	\$	491,450
Companicated / Ibooriooc	Ě		<u> </u>				<u> </u>			

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

I. Long-term obligations (continued)

General obligation debt is a direct obligation and pledge of the full faith and credit of the County. General obligation debt currently outstanding includes the following individual debt issue:

General Obligation County Building Bonds, Series 2013A, original amount \$3,505,000 dated 12/30/13; annual principal payment commencing April 1, 2015 with final payment due April 1, 2033; interest payable semiannually at rates from 2% to 4%

\$ 3,360,000

General Obligation County Building Bonds, Series 2014A, original amount \$9,995,000 dated 9/25/14; annual principal payment commencing April 1, 2015 with final payment due April 1, 2034; interest payable semiannually at rates from 0.5% to 3.35%

9,145,000

General Obligation County Building Bonds, Series 2015A, original amount \$3,885,000 dated 5/12/15; annual principal payment commencing April 1, 2016 with final payment due April 1, 2034; interest payable Semiannually at rates from 2.5% to 3%

3,885,000

Promissory Note, original amount \$14,000 dated 11/25/15; due on or Before November 15, 2018; interest rate at 0%

14,000

Total General Obligation Bonds

\$ 16,404,000

Debt was issued for the demolition of the old nursing home, which is the future site of the new highway shop and for starting the construction of the new Highway shop.

Year Ending		Governmental Activities								
December 31	-	Principal		Interest		Total				
2016	\$	745,000	\$	468,668	\$	1,213,668				
2017		680,000		454,342		1,134,342				
2018		709,000		439,018		1,148,018				
2019		710,000		423,342		1,133,342				
2020		730,000		406,443		1,136,443				
2021-2025		3,980,000		1,697,700		5,677,700				
2026-2030		4,595,000		1,081,238		5,676,238				
2031-2034		4,255,000		291,300		4,546,300				
Total	\$	16,404,000	\$	5,262,051	\$	21,666,051				

Long-term obligations in the governmental activities are liquidated by the General Fund and proprietary funds are expected to be liquidated from proprietary fund revenues.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

J. Fund equity

1. Government-wide statements

Net position of the governmental activities reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2015 includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets		
Land	\$	6,600,461
Land - Right of Way	•	9,042,138
Land - Flood Mitigation		12,858,777
Construction in Progress		1,681,226
Buildings and Improvements		29,539,815
Roads and Bridges		74,614,103
Machinery and Equipment		12,092,551
Total Capital Assets		146,429,071
Less: Accumulated depreciation		51,671,927_
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets		94,757,144
·		
Restricted for Economic Development		230,791
Restricted for Economic Development-Revolving Loan Fund		707,641
Restricted for Register of Deeds - Statute		139,972
Restricted for County Clerk-ICC Funds		520
Restricted for Land Information - Statute		96,011
Restricted for Parks improvement		115,238
Restricted for Public Satety Programs		392,645
Restricted for UW Extension Educational Activities		49
Restricted for Fair Park - Donations		26,577
Restricted for Zoning		244,722
Restricted for Human Services		64,516
Restricted for Health Services		832,482
Restricted for Debt Service		75,384
Restricted for Pension		9,120,750
Total Restricted Net Position		12,047,298_
Liprostriated		12,004,435
Unrestricted		12,004,430_
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	118,808,877

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

J. Fund equity (continued)

1. Government-wide statements (continued)

Net position of the business-type activities reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2015 includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Land Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$	1,617,151 15,861,452 16,240,979 33,719,582 (8,887,329)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Local Road Improvements Restricted for Pension Total Restricted Net Position		24,832,253 121,576 916,883 1,038,459
Unrestricted Net Position		6,031,956
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	<u>\$</u>	31,902,668

The County's total column for net position has been adjusted for the 2013A, 2014A and 2015A General Obligation County Building Bonds recorded as governmental debt, but used to construct business-type activity capital assets. Neither the governmental or business-type activities net position or net investment in capital assets have been reduced by those bonds, but the total column does reflect that reduction to properly reflect the bonds effect on total net position. A reconciliation of the total net investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2015 includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Governemental Activities	\$ 94,757,144
Business-Type Activities	 24,832,253
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	119,589,397
Less: Related Long-Term Debt Outstanding Net of Amortizated	
Debt Premium	(16,832,456)
Add: Unspent Bond Proceeds	 1,848,046
Total Government-wide Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 104,604,987

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

J. Fund equity (continued)

2. Fund statements

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2015 include the following:

Nonspendable		
General Fund	\$	202.052
Inventory	Ф	293,953
Delinquent Property Taxes		2,562,229
Deposits Held by Mutual Insurance Company		783,000
Prepaid Expenditures		1,020,993
Total General Fund		4,660,175
Health and Human Services Fund		
Prepaid Expenditures		247,487
Nonmajor Funds		
Prepaid Expenditures		18,205
Total Nonspendable	\$	4,925,867
Restricted		
General Fund		
Economic Development	\$	230,791
Economic Development-Revolving Loan Fund		707,641
Register of Deeds - Statute		139,972
County Clerk-ICC Funds		520
Land Information - Statute		96,011
Parks Improvements		115,238
Public Safety Programs		392,645
UW Extension Educational Activities		49
Fair Park - Donations		26,577
Zoning		244,722
Total General Fund		1,954,166
Human Services Fund - Human Services		64,516
Capital Projects		1,848,046
Nonmajor Funds		
Health Services		814,277
Debt Service		75,384
Total Restricted	\$	4,756,389

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

J. Fund equity (continued)

2. Fund statements (continued)

Committed		
General Fund		
General Liability Insurance Reserve	\$	197,593
Total Committed	<u>\$</u>	197,593
Assigned		
General Fund		
Subsequent Year Budget Continuing Accounts	\$	1,051,049
General Government		435,601
Public Safety		255,109
Conservation Development		445,613
Culture, Recreation, and Education		360,268
Information Systems		74,000
Vested holiday pay		609
Vested sick pay		1,175,085
Vested vacation pay		1,745,835
Vested comp pay		37,971
Total General Fund		5,581,140
Human Services Fund-Continuing Accounts		680,255
Total Assigned	\$	6,261,395
Unassigned		
General Fund	_\$_	17,628,190
Total Unassigned	\$	17,628,190
Total Fund Balance	\$	33,769,434

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Claims and other legal proceedings

From time to time, the County becomes party to claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and Corporation Counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such pending claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

B. Intergovernmental grants

The County participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Risk management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; employee health and accident claims; or acts of God. The County has chosen to retain a portion of the risks through self-insurance programs. A description of the County's risk management is presented below:

1. Property and liability insurance

In 2008, the County became a member, with certain other units of government within the State of Wisconsin, of the Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (WMMIC), a non-assessable mutual company which provides liability insurance and risk management services to its members. The County's coverage began as of January 1, 2009. The scope of insurance protection provided by WMMIC is broad, covering automobile liability, general liability, law enforcement liability, public official's errors and omissions, civil rights, incidental medical malpractice, personal injury, equal rights, and Americans with Disabilities Act at policy limits of \$5,000,000 per occurrence with a \$10,000,000 aggregate for general and automobile liability claims and a \$15,000,000 aggregate for errors or omissions claims. At this time, settled claims have not exceed the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. WMMIC's exposure in its layer of insurance is limited to \$1,000,000 per occurrence in that the company purchases \$4,000,000 per occurrence in reinsurance for losses in excess of its retained layer of coverage.

WMMIC is governed by one entity-one vote. Member entities include the counties of Walworth, Brown, Chippewa, Dane, Dodge, Eau Claire, Kenosha, LaCrosse, Manitowoc, Marathon, Outagamie, St Croix, Waukesha, and the cities of Eau Claire and Madison. All member entities participate in the governing of the company. Its Board of Directors is made up of at least five representatives of the participating entities and the company's charter allows for the appointment of two at large members to the Board of Directors. The participants elect the board members at the annual meeting. The board has the authority to adopt its own budget, set policy matters and control the financial affairs of the company.

III. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

C. Risk management (continued)

The County's investment in WMMIC is reported on the general fund balance sheet as an investment in WMMIC. The County's original capitalization amount paid in was \$783,000. According to its bylaws, WMMIC allocated equity to members based on the percentage of participation. A list of other members and their share of participation is in the WMMIC report. Separate financial statements can be obtained from WMMIC at their address of 4785 Hayes Road, Madison, Wisconsin, 53704.

The County also purchases commercial insurance policies for various property and other liability risks. Payments of premiums for these policies are also recorded as expenditures in various funds of the County.

2. Dental Insurance

County employees, retirees, and employee dependents are eligible for dental benefits from a dental self-insurance plan. Funding is provided by charges to county departments, employees, and retirees. The program is not supplemented by stop loss protection, which limits the County's annual liability. Expenses consist of payments to a third-party administrator for dental claims, and administrative fees. The claims liability of \$20,000 reported in the General Fund at December 31, 2015, is based on the requirements that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claim liability amount for 2014 and 2015 is as follows:

	Liability January 1		Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments		Liability December 31	
2014 2015	\$	21,000 20,000	\$	429,767 440,534	\$	430,767 440,534	\$	20,000 20,000

III. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

C. Risk management (continued)

3. Workers' Compensation

The County has established a worker's compensation fund to finance workers' compensation awards for county employees. The program is funded by charges to county departments. The program also is supplemented by stop loss protection, which limits the County's annual liability. Expenses and accrual of claim liabilities are accounted for based on the requirements that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the liability for 2014 and 2015 are as follows:

	Liability January 1		Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments		Liability December 31	
2014 2015	\$	80,196 111,796	\$	219,209 319,256	\$	187,609 200,297	\$	111,796 230,755

4. General Liability

The County has established a general liability fund to finance general liability insurance claims. The program is funded by charges to the County departments. Expenses and accrual of claim liabilities are accounted for based on the requirements that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the liability for 2014 and 2015 are as follows:

	Liability <u>January 1</u>		Claims and Changes in <u>Estimates</u>		Claim <u>Payments</u>		Liability December 31	
2014	\$	-	\$	16,391	\$	-	\$	16,391
2015		16,391		(4,421)		3,706		8,264

III. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

D. Defined benefit pension plans

General information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statues. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in WRS.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and state executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents or partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced

III. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

D. <u>Defined benefit pension plans</u> (continued)

Post-retirement adjustment (continued)

to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2005	2.6%	7%
2006	0.8%	3%
2007	3.0%	10%
2008	6.6%	0%
2009	-2.1%	-42%
2010	-1.3%	22%
2011	-1.2%	11%
2012	7.0%	-7%
2013	-9.6%	9%
2014	4.7%	25%

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statues. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, WRS recognized \$1,942,475 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2015 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers)	6.8%	6.8%
Executives & Elected Officials	7.7%	7.7%
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	9.5%
Protective without Social Security	6.8%	13.1%

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At December 31, 2014, Jefferson County reported an asset of \$4,920,582 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013 rolled forward to December 31, 2014.

III. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

D. <u>Defined benefit pension plans</u> (continued)

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (continued)

No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Jefferson County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Jefferson County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2014, Jefferson County's proportion was .20032713% which was a decrease of .000512% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2013.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, Jefferson County recognized net pension expense of \$(177,079).

At December 31, 2015, Jefferson County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources		d Inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 713,331	\$	-
Changes in assumptions	-		-
Net differences between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan	2,382,784		-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between employer contributions and		ļ	
proportionate share of contributions	4,331		
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,016,605		-
Total	\$ 5,117,051	\$	-

\$2,016,605 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2015. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31	Deferred Outflow of		Deferred Inflows of
2015	\$	609,798	\$ -
2016		609,798	-
2017		609,798	-
2018		609,798	-
2019		609,798	-
Thereafter		51,456	

III. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

D. Defined benefit pension plans (continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2013
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age
Asset Vauation Method:	Fair Market Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.2%
Discount Rate:	7.2%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.8%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	2.1%

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, Actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2012 using experience from 2009-2011. The total pension liability for December 31, 2014 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Real	Target
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Allocation
US Equities	5.3%	21%
International Equities	5.7%	23%
Fixed Income	1.7%	36%
Inflation Sensitive Assets	2.3%	20%
Real Estate	4.2%	7%
Private Equity/Debt	6.9%	7%
Multi-Asset	3.9%	6%
Cash	0.9%	-20%

III. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

D. <u>Defined benefit pension plans</u> (continued)

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long term bond rate of 3.56%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of Jefferson County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents Jefferson County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.2%, as well as what Jefferson County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.2%) or 1% higher (8.2%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (6.2%)		Current Discount Rate (7.2%)		1% Increase To Discount Rate (8.2%)	
Jefferson County's proprtionate share						
of the net pension liabilty (asset)	\$	13,881,810	\$	(4,920,582)	\$	(19,769,952)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://legis.wisxonsin.gov/lab and reference report number 15-11.

E. Reinstatement of net position

Net Position has been restated as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and implementation of GASB Statement No. 71 – Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. These statements require the net pension asset and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows, if any, to be reported in the financial statements. The details of this restatement are as follows:

E. Reinstatement of Net Position (continued)

	G 	overnmental Activities	B u	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Net position-December 31, 2014 (as reported)	\$, ,	\$	28,454,741	\$ 136,450,880
Add: Net pension asset		7,207,098		710,980	7,918,078
Add: Deferred outflows-pension related amounts		1,736,573		205,902	 1,942,475
Net position-December 31, 2014 (as restated)	\$	116,939,810	\$	29,371,623	\$ 146,311,433

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.



JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 13,091,987	\$ 13,091,987	\$ 13,397,539	\$ 305,552	
Sales Taxes	5,541,031	5,541,031	5,847,633	306,602	
Intergovernmental Revenues	5,089,126	5,089,126	5,090,643	1,517	
Licenses and Permits	166,970	166,970	213,283	46,313	
Fines and Forfeitures	399,700	399,700	437,789	38,089	
Public Charges for Services	2,382,831	2,382,831	2,400,247	17,416	
Intergovernmental Charges	607,302	607,302	716,470	109,168	
Miscellaneous Revenues	1,338,074	1,410,501	1,133,933	(276,568)	
Total Revenues	28,617,021	28,689,448	29,237,537	548,089	
Expenditures					
General Government					
General	830,056	885,724	_	885,724	
County Board	265,114	265,114	249,633	15,481	
Administration	372,657	379,781	376,843	2,938	
Human Resources	457,389	499,789	488,135	11,654	
Register of Deeds	482,580	435,805	283,848	151,957	
County Clerk	310,180	326,217	286,790	39,427	
Land Information	525,787	596,243	463,041	133,202	
County Treasurer	239,255	239,255	207,912	31,343	
District Attorney	843,934	843,934	771,719	72,215	
Corporation Counsel	329,399	331,617	331,964	(347)	
Central Services	753,467	1,072,467	776,423	296,044	
Clerk of Courts	2,628,376	2,628,376	2,575,029	53,347	
Medical Examiner	155,170	155,170	173,681	(18,511)	
Finance	456,414	456,414	445,906	10,508	
MIS Capital Outlay Allocated to	100, 111	.00,	1.0,000	10,000	
Departments	(167,550)	(94,350)	(129,255)	34,905	
Total General Government	8,482,228	9,021,556	7,301,669	1,719,887	
Public Safety					
Emergency Management	360,037	363,898	162,186	201,712	
Sheriff	13,475,736	13,729,071	13,016,161	712,910	
Total Public Safety	13,835,773	14,092,969	13,178,347	914,622	
Health and Human Services					
Child Support	1,251,247	1,251,247	1,230,720	20,527	
Veterans Services	170,811	172,677	172,457	220	
County Board-Donation Clinic	50,000	50,000	50,000	-	
General	1,469	1,469	43,898	(42,429)	
Total Health and Human Services	1,473,527	1,475,393	1,497,075	(21,682)	
Public Works					
Parks	2,599	2,599	4,649	(2,050)	
Planning & Zoning-Solid Waste	345,204	373,501	164,941	208,560	
Total Public Works	347,803	376,100	169,590	206,510	

(continued)

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued)

Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Culture, Recreation and Education				
County Board-Historical Society	4.380	3.309	4,178	(869)
Parks	986,914	1,273,508	802,780	470,728
UW Extension	365,290	366,153	312,566	53,587
Fair Park	1,225,792	1,310,040	1,121,828	188,212
Library	1,017,546	1,018,000	1,018,000	
Total Culture, Recreation and Education	3,599,922	3,971,010	3,259,352	711,658
Conservation and Development				
Economic Development	456,012	470,118	353,805	116,313
Farm Drainage Board	5,460	5,460	3,771	1,689
Land Conservation	748,655	750,823	596,736	154,087
Planning & Zoning	506,239	524,239	491,574	32,665
Revolving Loan Fund	16,000	16,000	11,785	4,215
Total Conservation & Development	1,732,366	1,766,640	1,457,671	308,969
Capital Outlay	2,215,870	2,215,870	1,878,344	337,526
Total Expenditures	31,687,489	32,919,538	28,742,048	4,177,490
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,070,468)	(4,230,090)	495,489	4,725,579
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from Notes Payable	-	14,000	14,000	-
Transfer In	-	216,556	216,556	-
Total Other Financing Sources	-	230,556	230,556	_
Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,070,468)	\$ (3,999,534)	726,045	\$ 4,725,579
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year			29,295,219	
Fund Balances, End of Year			\$ 30,021,264	

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Human Services Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	<u>rınaı</u>	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 8,350,391	\$ 8,350,391	\$ 8,350,391	\$ -	
Intergovernmental Revenues	7,427,318	7,427,318	7,249,131	(178,187)	
Public Charges for Services	4,231,710	4,231,710	4,477,201	245,491	
Intergovernmental Charges	1,457,602	1,457,602	1,365,277	(92,325)	
Miscellaneous Revenues	130,815	130,815	80,109	(50,706)	
Total Revenues	21,597,836	21,597,836	21,522,109	(75,727)	
Expenditures					
Health and Human Services	21,368,836	21,585,883	20,649,856	936,027	
Capital Outlay	229,000	229,000	339,272	(110,272)	
Total Expenditures	21,597,836	21,814,883	20,989,128	825,754	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(217,047)	532,981	750,028	
Other Financing Uses					
Transfer Out		(216,556)	(216,556)		
Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ (433,603)	316,425	\$ 750,028	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year			675,833		
Fund Balances, End of Year			\$ 992,258		

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset December 31, 2015

	2014
County's proportionate of the net pension liabilty (asset)	0.20%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (4,920,582)
County's covered-employee payroll	25,012,937
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-19.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the of the total pension liability	102.74%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments are only required to show information going forward and not go back retrospectively.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Schedule of Contributions to Wisconsin Retirement System December 31, 2015

	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,942,475
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,942,475)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 25,012,937
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.77%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments are only required to show information going forward and not go back retrospectively.

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2015

I. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

During October, County management submits to the County Board a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by County Board action.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental and proprietary funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.

During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the governmental and proprietary funds.

The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. The detailed budget document is prepared by department level but monitored at the cost center level. A cost center can be a department or an activity within a department. Management can make transfers within a department without the approval of the County Board. Transfers between departments or budget amendments requiring the use of fund balance require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the Finance Committee or County Board.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds/functions:

General Fund:	
Corporation Counsel	\$ 347
Medical Examiner	18,511
General	42,429
Parks	2,050
County Board-Historical Society	869
Human Services Fund:	
Capital Outlay	110,272
Capital Projects Fund:	
Public Works	40,907
Interest and Fiscal Charges	79,996

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2015

I. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Health Services Fund:

Capital Outlay \$ 300

Highway Fund:

Operation and Maintenance 679,360
Depreciation 336,526

II. WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions. There were no changes in the assumptions.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying required supplementary information.



JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget- Positive
	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	(I	Negative)
Revenues								
Miscellaneous Revenues	\$	2,000	_\$_	2,000	_\$	3,001	\$	1,001
Expenditures								
Public Works		10,750		10,750		51,658		(40,907)
Capital Outlay	4	,381,250		6,583,435		4,145,921		2,437,514
Debt Service								
Interest and Fiscal Charges						79,996		(79,996)
Total Expenditures	4	,392,000		6,594,185		4,277,575		2,316,611
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4	,390,000)	•	(6,592,185)	(4,274,574)		2,317,612
Other Financing Sources								
General Obligation Debt Issued	4	,390,000		4,390,000		3,766,902		(623,098)
Premium on Debt Issued		-				153,533		153,533
Total Other Financing Sources	4	,390,000		4,390,000		3,920,435		(469,565)
Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	(2,202,185)		(354,139)		1,848,047
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year						2,202,185		
Fund Balances, End of Year					\$	1,848,046		

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2015

		Special Revenue Fund Health Services	-	Debt Service	***************************************	Total
Assets	Φ.	702.005	ø	75 204	Φ.	000 000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	793,885	\$	75,384	\$	869,269
Property Tax Receivables		000 007		4 400 004		4 070 404
Current Year Tax Levy Accounts Receivable		838,207		1,138,284		1,976,491
Due from Other Government Units		27,432				27,432
General Accounts Receivable		6,840		-		6,840
Prepaid Expenditures		18,205		_		18,205
Total Assets		1,684,569		1,213,668		2,898,237
Total Assets		1,004,009		1,213,000		2,090,207
Liabilities						
Accrued Liabilities		13,880		-		13,880
Deferred Inflows						
Subsequent year tax levy		838,207		1,138,284		1,976,491
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		18,205		-		18,205
Restricted		814,277		75,384		889,661
Total Fund Balances		832,482		75,384		907,866
T						
Total Liablilities, Deferred Inflows	_		_		_	
and Fund Balances	\$	1,684,569		1,213,668	\$	2,898,237

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Special Revenue Fund Health Services	Debt Service	Total
Revenues			 _	
Property Taxes	\$	875,223	\$ 1,180,096	\$ 2,055,319
Intergovernmental Revenues		478,584	-	478,584
Public Charges for Services		297,910	-	297,910
Intergovernmental Charges		27,168	-	27,168
Miscellaneous Revenues		1,114		1,114
Total Revenues		1,679,999	1,180,096	2,860,095
Expenditures				
Health and Human Services		1,718,036	-	1,718,036
Capital Outlay		20,300	-	20,300
Debt Service				
Principal		-	995,000	995,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges			415,400	415,400
Total Expenditures		1,738,336	1,410,400	3,148,736
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(58,337)	(230,304)	(288,641)
Other Financing Sources				
General obligation debt issued		-	 118,098	 118,098
Change in Fund Balances		(58,337)	(112,206)	(170,543)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		890,819	 187,590	 1,078,409
Fund Balances, End of Year	_\$_	832,482	\$ 75,384	\$ 907,866

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Health Services Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 875,223	\$ 875,223	\$ 875,223	\$ -
Intergovernmental Revenues	474,639	476,234	478,584	2,350
Public Charges for Services	369,271	369,271	297,910	(71,361)
Interdepartmental charges	33,673	33,673	27,168	(6,505)
Miscellaneous Revenues	480	480	1,114	634
Total Revenues	1,753,286	1,754,881	1,679,999	(74,882)
Expenditures				
Health and Human Services	1,867,509	1,942,104	1,718,036	224,068
Capital Outlay	20,000	20,000	20,300	(300)
Total Expenditures	1,887,509	1,962,104	1,738,336	223,768
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(134,223)	(207,223)	(58,337)	148,886
Change in Fund Balances	\$ (134,223)	\$ (207,223)	(58,337)	\$ 148,886
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year			890,819	
Fund Balances, End of Year			\$ 832,482	

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Debt Services Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Variance with

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,180,096	\$ 1,180,096	\$ 1,180,096	\$ -
Expenditures				
Principal	995,000	995,000	995,000	-
Interest	372,686	560,276	415,400	144,876
Total Expenditures	1,367,686	1,555,276	1,410,400	144,876
Revenues Under Expenditures	(187,590)	(375,180)	(230,304)	144,876
Other Financing Sources				
General obligation debt issued	187,590	187,590	118,098	(69,492)
Change in Fund Balances	<u> </u>	\$ (187,590)	(112,206)	\$ 75,384
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year			187,590	
Fund Balances, End of Year			\$ 75,384	

JEFFERSON COUNTY, WISCONSIN Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual Highway Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 3,101,977	\$ 3,101,977	\$ 3,417,871	\$ 315,894
Miscellaneous Revenues	107,339	107,339	122,513	15,174
Total Operating Revenues	3,209,316	3,209,316	3,540,384	331,068
Operating Expenses				
Operation and Maintenance	9,974,082	9,974,082	10,653,442	(679,360)
Depreciation	1,037,546	1,037,546	1,374,072	(336,526)
Total Operating Expenses	11,011,628	11,011,628	12,027,514	(1,015,886)
Operating Loss	(7,802,312)	(7,802,312)	(8,487,130)	(684,819)
Nonoperating Revenues				
Property Taxes	5,743,609	5,743,609	5,743,609	-
Intergovernment Grants	1,578,703	1,578,703	1,628,946	50,243
Gain on Disposal of Assets	40,000	40,000	263,479	223,479
Total Nonoperating Revenues	7,362,312	7,362,312	7,636,034	273,723
Loss Before Contributions	(440,000)	(440,000)	(851,096)	(411,096)
Capital Contributions	***************************************	-	3,382,141	3,382,141
Change In Net Position	\$ (440,000)	\$ (440,000)	2,531,045	\$ (2,971,045)
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated			29,371,623	
Net Position, End of year			\$ 31,902,668	



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Jefferson County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

FINANCIAL TRENDS - TABLES 1-6

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY – TABLES 7-10

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY - TABLES 11-12

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt as well as the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION – TABLES 13-14

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

OPERATING INFORMATION – TABLES 15-17

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the basic financial statements and/or comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 1 Net Position by Component

				Last Ten Years						
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 71,381,576	\$ 71,381,576 \$ 74,293,193	\$ 66,812,841	\$ 68,068,319	\$ 75,381,872	\$ 80,485,356	\$ 83,958,241	\$ 87,177,141	\$ 89,993,404	\$ 94,757,144
Restricted	•	208,156	329,846	1,320,180	3,286,244	1,858,450	1,929,792	3,040,930	3,270,137	12,047,298
Unrestricted	28,478,462	30,716,894	24,065,034	23,382,009	26,816,103	30,141,568	29,981,100	27,587,496	14,732,598	12,004,435
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	99,860,038	105,218,243	91,207,721	92,770,508	105,484,219	112,485,374	115,869,133	117,805,567	107,996,139	118,808,877
Business-Type Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	:	:	12,019,237	14,113,569	7,561,268	7,835,276	9,225,204	9,783,239	21,811,405	24,832,253
Restricted	**	*	217,032	91,674	91,674	113,467	119,651	119,805	135,248	1,038,459
Unrestricted	***	:	4,218,866	3,449,696	3,994,197	4,507,347	4,168,440	5,558,218	6,508,088	6,031,956
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position		-	16,455,135	17,654,939	11,647,139	12,456,090	13,513,295	15,461,262	28,454,741	31,902,668
Primary Government							!			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	71,381,576	74,293,193	78,832,078	82,181,888	82,943,140	88,320,632	93,183,445	96,960,380	100,197,622	104,604,987
Restricted	•	208,156	546,878	1,411,854	3,377,918	1,971,917	2,049,443	3,160,735	3,405,385	13,085,758
Unrestricted	28,478,462	30,716,894	28,283,900	26,831,705	30,810,300	34,648,915	34,149,540	33,145,714	32,847,873	33,020,801
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 99,860,038	\$ 105,218,243	\$ 107,662,856	\$ 110,425,447	\$ 117,131,358	\$ 124,941,464	\$ 129,382,428	\$ 133,266,829	\$ 136,450,880	\$ 150,711,546

^{***} Information not available. All activities were reported as Governmental for the years prior to 2008.

Note: Information is from the Statement of Net Position

In 2015, the beginning balance of net position was reinstated by \$8.9 million for Governmental Activities and \$917 thousand for Business-Type Activities for a total of \$9.8 million as a result of GASB Statement No. 27 and implementation of GASB Statement No. 71-Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			(ac	(accrual basis of accounting)	counting)					
1	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 8,045,426	\$ 7,527,284	\$ 8,038,208	\$ 6,883,711	\$ 7,482,859	\$ 7,435,630	\$ 7,497,904	\$ 7,404,585	\$ 7,862,754	\$ 7,217,855
Public Safety Public Works	12,017,003	12,442,360	14,186,975	13,270,246	13,197,129	13,429,430	13,036,876	12,979,178	13,405,351	13,633,535
Health and Human Services	47.945.537	49.483.771	38.270.965	25,008,265	22.976.053	22.188.872	22.402.840	22.768.650	23.715.577	24.013.473
Culture, Recreation, and Education	3,097,610	3,280,304	3,600,004	3,472,403	3,612,676	3,906,579	3,741,054	3,761,691	3,658,575	3,622,571
Conservation and Development Interest on Debt	1,251,635	1,359,772	1,548,127	1,236,440	1,737,143	1,917,657	2,544,135	3,194,232	1,300,254	1,367,183
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 79,062,983	\$ 81,852,559	\$ 67,517,747	\$ 51,772,426	\$ 50,607,931	\$ 50,607,760	\$ 51,080,494	\$ 52,147,751	\$ 52,375,546	\$ 53,625,941
Business-Type Activities										
Countryside Home	ŧ	•	\$ 12,174,347	\$ 12,061,511	\$ 6,446,687	, 9	•	•	, 69	•
Highway Department	#	##	6,989,792	6,235,044	5,921,762	6,428,256	5,894,062	6,737,846	6,199,623	6,205,070
Total Primary Government Expenses Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 79,062,983	\$ 81,852,559	\$ 86,681,886	\$ 70,068,981	\$ 62,976,380	\$ 57,036,016	\$ 56,974,556	\$ 58,885,597	\$ 58,575,169	\$ 59,831,011
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities: Charces for Services										
General Government	\$ 320,455	\$ 1,545,732	\$ 1,492,884	\$ 1,574,725	\$ 1,338,178	\$ 1,426,406	\$ 1,519,900	\$ 1,426,523	\$ 1,280,120	\$ 1,326,017
Public Safety	1,107,044	1,586,760	1,466,219	1,302,260	1,194,996	1,314,011	1,205,870	1,098,318	1,056,403	1,213,987
Fublic Works Health and Human Services	3,330,314	4,223,633	7.565.969	6 708 498	104,967	106,801	92,013 5.479.156	5 801 871	6 258 294	6 180 924
Culture, Recreation, and Education	371,603	968'898	768,193	1,001,979	1,044,024	1,147,037	1,190,726	1,226,261	1,227,355	1,195,657
Conservation and Development	195,343	817,225	783,639	420,106	250,028	318,525	302,097	297,442	286,490	319,575
Cherating Grants and Continuous	740 055	675 211	233 806	510 280	519 50A	407 012	450.438	447 138	560 040	504 043
Public Safety	325,039	526,572	530,673	382,565	289,539	455,343	393,828	301,118	323,386	306.458
Public Works	1,958,601	1,792,934	38,805	28,730	•	54,244	36,109	39,130	40,486	48,323
Health and Human Services	21,155,224	24,110,848	22,522,070	9,816,057	9,805,770	9,629,886	8,215,302	8,010,256	8,419,316	8,933,736
Consequation and Development	102,459	92,515	134,662	57,698	119,823	146,553	117,171	279,903	155,176	132,978
Capital Grants and Contributions	670'66	007'007	2007	300,100	411,001	305,130	000,200,1	003, 103,2	166,112	667,100
General Government	41,883		•	,	٠	,	225,000		•	•
Public Safety	285,090	49,897	257,121	570,659	5,122,628	2,122,731	136,720	470,744	660,167	517,482
Public Works	899,713	495,726	900,057	•	- 22 674	1	1	,	•	,
Culture Recreation and Education	9.443	8.400	000,08	378.363	176,62	466 950	10 000	, ,		30 721
Conservation and Development				'		-	,	115,000	•	
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$ 48,088,570	\$ 52,706,539	\$ 37,480,337	\$ 23,395,035	\$ 24,896,807	\$ 23,596,321	\$ 20,966,885	\$ 21,844,653	\$ 20,640,974	\$ 21,200,645
Business-1 ype Activities: Charges for Services:										
Highway	•	, 49	\$ 4,503,990	\$ 3,561,888	\$ 4,131,586	\$ 3,607,555	\$ 3,368,140	\$ 3,577,392	\$ 3,241,907	\$ 3,048,127
Coperating Grants and Contributions	i	ı	8,037,510	8,922,068	4,225,200	•	•	•	•	•
Highway		,	1,974,125	1,704,857	1,986,454	1,729,569	1,682,059	1,753,405	1,583,597	1,628,945
Elderly Care - Countryside	•	•	1,273,656	1,166,965	429,407		. '	•		•
Capital Grants and Contributions Highway	,	,	,	1	1	ı	1	•		628.378
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues		1 1	1 1		10,772,647	5,337,124	1 1	1 4	4,825,504	5.
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 48,088,570	\$ 52,706,539	\$ 53,269,618	\$ 38,750,813	\$ 35,669,454	\$ 28,933,445	\$ 26,017,084	\$ 27,175,450	\$ 25,466,478	\$ 26,506,095
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	\$ (30,974,413)	\$ (29,146,020)	\$ (30,037,410)	49	€9	\$ (27,011,439)	€9	\$ (30,303,098)	€9	69
Business-Type Activities	. 100 071				- 1	(1,091,132)	4	- 1		•
lotal Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (30,974,413)	\$ (29,146,020)	\$ (33,412,268)	0	₽	\$ (28,102,5/1)	•	\$ (31,710,147)	0	₩.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			(a)	accidal basis of accounting)	(Summa)					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities: Taxes										
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	\$ 21,996,545	69	\$ 15,801,624	\$ 17,040,530	\$ 18,581,336	36 \$ 22,108,805	\$ 21,200,422	\$ 21,850,075	\$ 21,822,668	\$ 21,911,746
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	1,857,451		254,779	266,663	269,481	346,469	109,744	54,584	. '	1,180,096
Sales Taxes	4,862,601	5,061,361	ທົ	4,786,208	4,911,356	56 4,993,804	5,028,614	5,185,167	5,597,515	5,847,632
Other Taxes	64,261		227,884	215,233	192,947		200,789	211,624	216,987	251,479
General State Aid	2,477,135		2,588,923	2,660,723	2,551,153	53 2,545,627	2,147,815	2,136,112	2,158,512	2,159,448
Investment Earnings	1,997,938		1,173,207	579,274	312,281	322,268	500,337	76,253	371,016	367,539
Miscellaneous	1,726,410	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. •
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	•	•	1,387,021		316,638	. 88		•	1	•
Transfers	•	•	3,988,632	4,391,547	11,289,643	13 3,501,491	4,309,648	2,725,717	(8,241,554)	2,576,423
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 34,982,341	\$ 34,504,225	\$ 30,519,219	\$ 29,940,178	\$ 38,424,835	35 \$ 34,012,594	\$ 33,497,369	\$ 32,239,532	\$ 21,925,144	\$ 34,294,363
Business-Type Activities:										
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	· •	, 49	\$ 9,174,434	\$ 8,528,480	\$ 8,151,177	77 \$ 5,350,198	\$ 6,171,980	\$ 5,845,949	\$ 5,949,105	\$ 5,743,609
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	•	•	•	•	(1,269,884)	34) 51,376	38,734	234,784	176,939	263,479
Transfers	•		(3,988,632)	(4,391,547)	(11,289,643)	(3,501,491)	(4,309,648)	(2,725,717)	8,241,554	(2,576,423)
Total Business-Type Activities	٠	•		4,136,933	(4,408,350)	1,900,083	1,901,066	3,355,016	14,367,598	3,430,665
Total Primary Government	\$ 34,982,341	\$ 34,504,225	\$ 35,705,021	\$ 34,077,111	\$ 34,016,485	35,912,677	\$ 35,398,435	\$ 35,594,548	\$ 36,292,742	\$ 37,725,028
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 4,007,928	\$ 5,358,205	\$ 481,809	\$ 1,562,787	\$ 12,713,711	11 \$ 7,001,155	\$ 3,383,760	\$ 1,936,434	\$ (9,809,428)	\$ 1,869,067
Business-Type Activities	'			1,196,156	(6,004,152		1,057,203	1,947,967	12,993,479	2,531,045
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,007,928	\$ 5,358,205	\$ 2,292,753	\$ 2,758,943	\$ 6,709,559	59 \$ 7,810,106	\$ 4,440,963	\$ 3,884,401	\$ 3,184,051	\$ 4,400,112

^{***} Prior to 2008, all activities were reported as governmental activities, therefore this information is not available.

Note: Information is from the Statement of Activities

Jefferson County, Wisconsin
Table 3
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund Reserved Unreserved Designated	\$ 2,166,780	\$ 2,892,068	ج	⇔	· •	. ↔	· •	, 69	· \$	
General Fund Unreserved Undesignated	23,206,218	26,955,477			1 1	3 (, ,
Non-spendable Postricted))))	•	3,816,147	5,149,488	5,646,343	6,131,193	5,533,132	4,513,985	4,997,001	4,660,175
Committed			6,021,094	4,743,732	2,432,986	2,719,373	4,514,800	2,131,330	2,647,892	197,593
Assigned	1	ı	15,737,181	14,132,126	18,729,656	2,729,227	2,765,043	2,717,870	2,809,588	5,581,140
Unassigned		•	173,433		489,194	18,605,453	17,317,482	17,093,382	16,685,285	17,628,190
Total General Fund	28,757,617	29,847,545	26,077,701	25,256,251	30,412,458	31,487,874	31,334,351	29,217,246	29,295,219	30,021,264
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	2,533,146	2,128,322	ı	•	•	,	•	,	,	•
Unreserved Designated	1,928,103	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Special Revenue Fund	•	2,579,525	ı	•		•		,	,	•
Non-Spendable	•	•	259,342	252,328	178,800	169,776	175,670	201,908	262,943	265,692
Restricted	ı	•	64,567	89,275	171,965	555,822	725,898	4,487,547	3,296,156	2,802,223
Committed	•	•	14,121	19,212	74,026	220,059	413,106	1,324,594	397,328	•
Assigned			•		•	,	74,660	•	•	680,255
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 4,461,249	\$ 4,707,847	\$ 338,030	\$ 360,815	\$ 424,791	\$ 945,657	\$ 1,389,334	\$ 6,014,049	\$ 3,956,427	\$ 3,748,170

Note: GASB Statement No. 54 was early implemented in 2008.

Note: Information is from the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

Jefferson County, Wisconsin
Table 4
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenue										
Property Taxes Sales Tax	\$ 23,853,996 4,862,601	\$ 24,420,908 5,061,361	\$ 15,631,519 5,097,149	\$ 17,143,631 4,786,208	\$ 18,677,503 4,911,356	\$ 22,305,233 4,993,804	\$ 22,167,257 5,028,614	\$ 22,286,767 5,185,167	\$ 22,093,055 5,597,515	\$ 23,803,249 5,847,633
Intergovernment Revenues	26,986,803	30,307,011	27,228,064	14,960,461	19,195,509	16,628,306	12,752,124	13,738,617	12,561,489	12,818,358
Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures	633.182	610.008	572.218	544.138	438,182	450,299	432,431	388,273	435,975	437,789
Public Charges for Services	18,983,912	17,960,367	9,811,290	8,831,025	6,294,531	7,061,871	7,203,332	7,058,035	7,123,106	7,175,358
Inter-Governmental Charges	7,454,459	4,907,679	553,662	590,222	642,951	676,122	1,557,649	1,826,939	2,042,032	2,108,915
Inter-Departmental Charges Miscellaneous Revenues	2.791.283	3,425,055	2,463,973	1,569,189	1,286,966	1,586,726	87,431 1,520,794	82,269 1,293,644	1,249,339	1,218,157
Total Revenues	85,859,079	86,990,385	61,582,770	48,644,929	51,632,966	53,884,800	50,927,990	52,034,000	51,299,930	53,622,742
Expenditures										
General Government	6,427,692	6,934,583	7,375,693	6,383,364	6,660,932	6,969,259	6,970,657	6,742,721	7,481,017	8,201,569
Public Safety	11,507,238	12,263,006	13,737,707	13,074,443	12,818,836	13,048,162	12,684,836	12,641,429	12,963,137	13,178,347
Public Works	5,763,740	5,583,036	149,495	137,569	76,564	100,446	135,273	1,294,686	118,137	221,248
Health and Human Services	49,908,754	7 074 223	37,976,647	25,150,641 3,151,768	3 247 602	3.438.459	3 391 161	3.413.055	3 287 740	3.259.352
Conservation and Development	1 221 905	1 426 162	1,584,123	1 341 778	1,808,807	1,986,842	2.619.923	3.290.331	1.354,083	1,457,671
Capital Outlay	3,945,750	5,355,183	2,080,471	1,948,808	6,701,930	4,441,312	2,049,562	4,099,888	14,535,276	5,483,937
Debt Service Principal	4 170 064	1.530.000	203.054	224.961	239.002	366,808	108.937	54,468	•	995,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	347.664	241,180	51,506	41,921	30,479	7,339	807	78,699	184,803	495,396
Total Expenditures	86,070,553	85,653,859	66,444,935	51,455,253	54,272,539	52,379,949	50,272,937	53,115,916	63,497,817	57,157,487
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(211,474)	1,336,526	(4,862,165)	(2,810,324)	(2,639,573)	1,504,851	655,053	(1,081,916)	(12,197,887)	(3,534,745)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from Notes Payable	1	ı	•	•	•	•	ı	•	•	14,000
Proceeds From Sale of Capital Assets Transfer In	7.403.548	3,957,546	1,344,550	2,329,087	316,638 7,644,082	156,338 911,726	190,736	1,819,577	255,258	216,556
Transfer Out General Obligation Debt Issued	(7,403,548)	(3,957,546)	(795,563)	(317,427)	(100,964)	(976,633)	(555,635)	(1,828,658) 3,505,000	(255,258) 9,995,000	(216,556) 3,885,000
Premium on Debt Issued	•			-	1 010	-	- 1000	93,607	223,236	153,533
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	'	•	2,263,491	2,011,660	967,868,7	91,431	(364,899)	3,589,526	10,218,230	4,052,533
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (211,474)	\$ 1,336,526	\$ (2,598,674)	\$ (798,664)	\$ 5,220,183	\$ 1,596,282	\$ 290,154	\$ 2,507,610	\$ (1,979,651)	\$ 517,788
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Exp.	5.5%	2.2%	0.4%	0.5%	%9.0	0.8%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	2.7%
Note: Information is from the Statement of Boycous Evnenditures and E	Evnenditures and	Fund Ralance								

Note: Information is from the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Fund Balance

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 5 Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function/Program Governmental Activities				!						
General Government	\$ 1,102,393	\$ 2,121,043	\$ 2,026,780	\$ 2,084,959	\$ 1,856,682	\$ 1,924,318	\$ 2,195,338	\$ 1,873,661	\$ 1,840,169	\$ 1,917,930
Public Safety	1,717,173	2,163,229	2,254,013	2,255,484	6,607,163	3,892,085	1,736,418	1,870,180	2,039,956	2,037,927
Public Works	6,208,828	6,514,295	1,049,366	(61,207)	104,987	161,045	128,122	132,871	172,821	149,464
Health and Human Services	38,185,505	39,857,678	30,093,039	16,524,555	14,175,328	14,169,945	13,694,458	13,812,127	14,677,610	15,114,660
Culture, Recreation, and Education	483,505	969,811	982,855	1,438,040	1,163,847	1,760,540	1,317,897	1,506,164	1,382,531	1,359,356
Conservation and Development	391,166	1,080,483	1,074,284	981,957	988,800	1,688,388	1,894,652	2,649,650	527,887	621,308
Subtotal Governmental Activities	48,088,570	52,706,539	37,480,337	23,223,788	24,896,807	23,596,321	20,966,885	21,844,653	20,640,974	21,200,645
Business-Type Activities										
Countryside Home	* * *	**	9,311,166	10,089,030	4,654,607	٠	1		•	•
Highway Department	***	* * *	6,478,115	5,266,744	6,118,040	5,337,124	5,050,199		4,825,504	5,305,450
Subtotal Business-Type Activities			15,789,281	15,355,774	10,772,647	5,337,124	5,050,199		4,825,504	5,305,450
Total Primary Government	\$ 48,088,570	\$ 52,706,539	\$ 53,269,618	\$ 38,579,562	\$ 35,669,454	\$ 28,933,445	\$ 26,017,084	\$ 27,175,450	\$ 25,466,478	\$ 26,506,095

^{***} Information not available. All activities were reported as Governmental for the years prior to 2008.

Note: Information is from the Statement of Activities

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 6 Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property	s	ales & Use	Re	eal Estate Fees	ŀ	Statutory nterest & Penalties	Other	Total
2006	23,136,533 (a)	\$	4,862,601	\$	254,211	\$	434,704	\$ 28,545	\$ 28,716,595
2007	23,740,079 (a)		5,061,361		207,176		443,626	30,026	29,482,268
2008	24,095,480 (a)		5,097,149		184,791		482,589	43,093	29,903,102
2009	16,305,452		4,786,208		127,642		622,946	87,591	21,929,839
2010	17,723,079		4,911,356		144,727		761,477	48,220	23,588,859
2011	21,272,368		4,993,804		140,936		838,735	53,194	27,299,038
2012	20,814,267		5,028,614		129,730		1,152,202	71,059	27,195,870
2013	21,194,518		5,185,167		154,541		880,624	57,083	27,471,933
2014	21,094,058		5,597,515		160,521		782,011	56,465	27,690,571
2015	22,825,644		5,847,633		192,093		726,124	59,389	29,650,882
Change 2006 - 2015	-1.3%		20.3%		-24.4%		67.0%	108.1%	3.3%

⁽a) All activities were reported in the Governmental Funds. Proprietary Funds were not accounted for separately per the prior auditor's interpretation.

Equalized Value of Taxable Property (a) Jefferson County, Wisconsin Last Ten Years

Total	Direct	Tax Rate (c)	3.7293	3.6158	3.5862	3.6739	3.8913	3.9401	4.1521	4.2655	4.3917	4.3259
Total Taxable	Equalized	Value (b)	6,073,532,400	6,440,803,600	6,625,830,100	6,611,609,500	6,376,446,700	6,278,889,500	6,006,273,200	5,884,774,300	6,036,629,100	6,177,155,800
Less: Tax	Incremental	District (TID)	203,428,900	236,040,400	271,340,500	268,824,900	287,292,500	305,006,000	289,294,700	302,214,800	308,774,900	311,486,400
	Personal	Property	111,346,400	116,831,700	124,508,000	131,830,100	128,279,600	125,035,200	129,224,100	126,307,500	130,412,000	132,044,700
		Other	437,912,200	368,436,500	426,298,100	421,932,000	398,539,000	405,048,100	400,696,000	407,269,700	367,237,000	383,484,000
	Agricultural	Property	49,600,500	52,880,700	52,804,000	56,378,500	55,378,700	49,605,600	48,154,200	46,358,700	45,382,900	45,982,600
	Manufacturing	Property	236,511,400	284,462,900	295,701,500	284,205,200	285,619,000	278,639,600	264,080,400	260,269,100	262,940,500	268,000,400
	Commercial	Property	907,808,200	989,803,400	1,001,236,700	1,024,119,800	1,006,781,200	1,055,022,900	1,017,813,000	988,660,400	995,751,000	986,263,300
	Residential	Property	4.533,782,600	4,864,428,800	4,996,622,300	4,961,968,800	4.789.141.700	4,670,544,100	4,435,600,200	4,358,123,700	4,500,624,200	4,628,987,000
	Fiscal Year	Ended Dec. 31,	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Bureau of Property Tax

- Due to varying assessment ratios to full market value used in municipalities, all underlying tax districts such as counties are required to use equalized value for levying property taxes. Equalized value, defined by State Statute, is the legal market value determined by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue Bureau of Property Tax.

 Equalized Values are reduced to Tax Increment District value increments for apportioning the County levy.

 Per \$1,000 of equalized value (a)
 - <u>@</u> ©

Jefferson County, Wisconsin
Table 8
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Years
(Rate per \$1,000 of equalized value)

,	56	2006		2	2007		75	2008		21	2009		36	2010	
County direct rates (a) General Federated Library (b) Health (c)			3.7293 0.2907 0.0665			3.6158 0.2901 0.046			3.5862 0.2838 0.0473			3.6739 0.2986 0.125			3.8913 0.3164 0.1625
Towns	0.67		11 41	9 G	,	11 71	10.25	1	11.60	11.20		11.61	12.21	,	12.76
Cold Spring	9.5	1	10.57	10.00	1	10.80	10.17		10.53	11.11	,	12.10	11.61	,	12.23
Concord	90.6		10.77	9.10	,	11.08	9.54	,	11.18	10.19		11.03	11.40	,	12.23
Farmington	7.35	,	8.85	7.45	•	9.11	7.80	•	9.29	8.83	,	69.6	9.11	ı	9.82
Hebron	9.24	1	10.48	8.88	,	10.68	9.26	,	10.38	10.10	,	11.04	11.62	1	12.13
Ixonia	9.66	ı	9.85	9.91	,	10.19	10.43	•	10.64	10.81	,	11.47	12.04	٠	12.05
Jefferson	9.05		10.26	8.69	,	10.52	9.15	,	10.26	10.14		11.02	11.69	٠	12.20
Koshkonona	7.87	ı	10.12	8.24	,	26.6	8.12		9.92	8.74	ı	10.53	9.59	,	11.74
Lake Mills	8.62		12.65	8.03	,	12.43	10.07	1	12.66	10.17	,	13.47	11.02		15.43
Milford	8.39	1	10.13	7.93	,	10.33	8.81		10.30	9.35	,	11.07	10.88	1	11.26
Oakland	8.31		12.99	7.78	,	13.00	8.92	1	13.18	9.80	ı	14.01	10.94	٠	15.37
Palmyra	9.97	٠	11.29	9.72	,	10.95	9.90	,	10.81	10.82	ı	11.66	11.41	ı	12.48
Sullivan	9.60	,	11.11	8.82	ı	10.86	10.19	ı	11.25	6.6		12.18	11.71	1	13.30
Sumner	9.57	•	12.82	96.6	,	12.87	9.13	ı	12.95	10.49		13.54	11.55	,	15.02
Waterloo	9.60	,	10.65	9.03	ı	11.10	10.81		11.01	11.12	ı	12.16	11.97	•	12.14
Watertown	8.26	ı	10.03	7.61	ı	9.51	8.19	ı	9.79	9.27	•	10.12	10.30	1	10.51
Villages												;			:
Cambridge	15.63	•	15.99			14.63			16.83			17.02			19.41
Johnson Creek			14.52			13.99			14.04			14.15			15.16
Lac La Belle			11.57			11.32	11.65	1	12.79			12.75			13.46
Palmyra			14.09	14.14	ı	15.37	15.15	ı	16.05	16.04	,	16.88	17.36	1	18.25
Sullivan			12.53			12.14			12.64			13.72			16.45
Cities															
Fort Atkinson			15.46			15.51			15.22			16.21			17.84
Jefferson			13.89			13.97			14.40			15.24			17.17
Lake Mills			14.07			13.79			15.82			15.88			16.96
Waterloo			16.24			16.75			16.79			18.64			18.57
Watertown			13.89			14.21			14.48			15.45			17.30
Whitewater			13.24			13.57			13.79			12.40			16.78

Wisconsin Act 32 allows a County to increase its total property tax levy for the percentage change in the County growth in equalized value due to net new construction between the previous year and the current year. (a)

There are nine member libraries in the Federated Library System. The tax applies to taxable properties in the eighteen communities without a library. <u>@</u>

⁽c) City of Watertown has their own health department, therefore the tax does not apply to that municipality.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin
Table 8
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Years
(Rate per \$1,000 of equalized value)

•	20	2011		20	2012	İ	20	2013		20	2014		20	2015	
County direct rates (a) General Federated Library (b) Health (c)			3.9401 0.3249 0.1786			4.1521 0.3645 0.1716			4.2655 0.3455 0.1726			4.3917 0.3378 0.1663			4.3259 0.3379 0.1551
Towns	12.20		13.85	13.27		13.98	13.18		14.03	12.79		14.70	17.50	•	19.56
Cold Spring	12.20		12.69	12.21	,	13.04	12.90	1	13.31	11.92	1	12.74	16.34	•	16.99
Concord	11.88	ı	12.99	11.31	,	12.03	12.29		13.54	10.94	1	13.88	15.12	,	18.74
Farmington	10.00	,	11.39	10.22	,	11.33	10.23		11.47	8.73	,	11.65	12.91	ı	16.53
Hebron	12.52	,	12.74	14.29	ŧ	14.35	14.34	•	14.60	13.24	ı	13.46	17.59	ı	17.85
lxonia	12.27	ı	12.50	13.01		13.37	12.89	,	12.92	11.42	,	11.52	15.69		16.23
Jefferson	13.63		13.41	13.55		13.61	13.62	1	13.90	12.35		12.62	17.51		17.77
Koshkonona	10.23		12.09	10.06		12.47	10.52	1	12.76	9.01		12.23	13.34		16.48
Lake Mills	11.14		15.06	12.47		15.63	12.46	ı	14.94	11.12		13.33	15.89	,	17.06
Milford	11.27		12.18	11.39	1	12.37	11.95	,	12.86	10.77	1	13.75	15.08	,	18.70
Oakland	10.81		15.56	12.02	ı	16.15	12.34	,	15.88	11.20		14.31	16.06	•	19.04
Palmyra	11.97	,	13.23	11.98		13.35	12.38	,	13.94	11.62	ı	13.65	16.17	1	17.86
Sullivan	11.79	,	14.91	12.78	,	15.06	12.98	,	15.11	11.63	,	13.86	16.32	ı	18.05
Sumner	11.83		15.29	12.77	ı	15.39	12.26	,	15.30	11.00	,	13.72	15.82	ı	18.39
Waterloo	12.19	,	13.08	12.76		13.58	13.60	,	13.83			12.69	17.29		17.29
Watertown	10.56	ı	10.96	11.26		11.93	10.79	1	11.69	9.64	,	12.58	13.85	ı	17.21
Villages															!
Cambridge			19.58			20.60			20.35	18.90	•	19.43	24.25		24.75
Johnson Creek			15.59			17.02			17.06			19.20	23.45		23.45
Lac La Belle			13.58			13.76			10.39			11.58	16.04	,	16.04
Palmvra	18.23	,	19.09	19.06	,	20.27	20.18	1	20.98	19.32	,	20.53	23.61	•	24.74
Sullivan			17.68			17.82			18.23			17.64	21.35	1	21.35
Cities															
Fort Atkinson			18.33			18.88			19.50			17.84			22.86
Jefferson			18.68			19.34			19.91			19.35			23.57
Lake Mills			17.18			18.69			19.03			17.33			22.32
Waterloo			20.29			19.80			21.57			20.25			24.41
Watertown			18.14			19.09			19.22			18.26			22.71
Whitewater			16.14			16.82			17.36			16.92			21.13

Wisconsin Act 32 allows a County to increase its total property tax levy for the percentage change in the County growth in equalized value due to net new construction between the previous year and the current year. (a)

There are nine member libraries in the Federated Library System. The tax applies to taxable properties in the eighteen communities without a library. **@**

⁽c) City of Watertown has their own health department, therefore the tax does not apply to that municipality.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 9 Principal Taxpayers Current and Nine Years Ago

		20	15			2006	_
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Industry	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
CPG Partners LP	Commercial	\$ 32,444,400	1	0.53%	34,064,300	1	0.56%
Standard Process	Manufacturing	25,231,009	2	0.41%	11,587,100	6	0.19%
Wal-mart Real Estate	Commercial	23,471,400	3	0.38%	11,097,200	7	0.18%
Menards	Commercial	17,780,800	4	0.29%	25,074,600	2	0.41%
Art Mtg Borrow Propco 2010-5 LLC	Manufacturing	17,849,900	5	0.29%			
Clasen Quality Coating	Manufacturing	15,846,300	6	0.26%			
Watertown Square, LLC	Commercial	13,856,900	7	0.22%			
Gundlach Properties, LLC	Commercial	12,195,106	8	0.20%			
Cold Spring Egg Farm	Commercial	12,481,815	9	0.20%			
Jones Dairy Farm	Manufacturing	11,614,500	10	0.19%			
On-Cor Frozen Foods, LLC	Manufacturing				9,424,600	8	0.16%
Jefferson Cold Storage	Commercial				11,774,900	5	0.19%
Barry Draeger	Commercial				8,018,600	9	0.13%
Audubon Park Apartments	Commercial				7,779,500	10	0.13%
Generac Power Systems	Manufacturing				13,050,000	4	0.21%
Stage II Jefferson, LLC	Manufacturing				16,188,600	3	0.27%
Total		\$ 182,772,130	•	2.96%	148,059,400	, :	2.44%

Total County Taxable Assessed Value

6,177,155,800

6,073,532,400

Source: Jefferson County Tax System

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 10 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

		As of Decemb Settlemen		Cumulative as of I 2015	
Settlement Year (a)	Total Tax Roll	Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy	Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy
2006	104,776,137	103,386,716	98.67%	104,775,170	100.00%
2007	111,339,922	109,556,710	98.40%	111,325,154	99.99%
2008	117,796,257	114,571,835	97.26%	117,754,040	99.96%
2009	124,711,690	116,442,168	93.37%	124,659,246	99.96%
2010	130,967,493	128,030,120	97.76%	130,807,031	99.88%
2011	137,610,725	134,571,659	97.79%	137,367,930	99.82%
2012	141,099,809	138,698,061	98.30%	140,749,769	99.75%
2013	141,791,630	140,002,148	98.74%	141,318,234	99.67%
2014	141,509,063	140,014,693	98.94%	140,771,206	99.48%
2015	139,186,915	137,991,285	99.14%	137,991,285	99.14%

Source:

Jefferson County Treasurer's Tax Settlement Reports

⁽a) The County levy is settled (collected) by the County Treasurer in the year following the year it is levied.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 11 Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Equalized Valuation and Debt Per Capita Last Ten Years

Year Ending December 31	Estimated Population (A)	(\$000's) Personal Income (B)	Equalized <u>Valuation (C)</u>	Outstanding <u>Debt</u>	Percent of Debt to Equalized <u>Valuation</u>	Percent of Debt to Personal Income	Debt Per <u>Capita</u>
2006	80,092	2,651,277	6,276,961,300	8,184,175	0.13%	0.31%	102.18
2007	80,411	2,731,064	6,676,844,000	6,697,230	0.10%	0.25%	83.29
2008	81,022	2,805,133	6,897,170,600	5,069,176	0.07%	0.18%	62.57
2009	81,310	2,789,723	6,880,434,400	3,944,215	0.06%	0.14%	48.51
2010	83,686	2,835,542	6,663,739,200	530,213	0.01%	0.02%	6.34
2011	83,794	2,939,310	6,583,895,500	163,405	0.00%	0.01%	1.95
2012	83,857	3,104,495	6,295,567,900	54,468	0.00%	0.00%	0.65
2013	83,940	3,207,151	6,186,989,100	3,419,898	0.06%	0.11%	40.74
2014	83,974	3,333,144	6,345,404,000	13,809,372	0.22%	0.41%	164.45
2015	84,255	*	6,488,642,200	16,846,457	0.26%	*	199.95

^{*}Information not yet available

NOTES:

- (A) Source: Census Data, Wisconsin Department of Administration.
 (B) Bureau of Economic Analysis US Department of Commerce
 (C) Wisconsin Department of Revenue Property Tax Reports.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 12 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years (dollars in thousands)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Equalized Value of Real and Personal Property (A)	\$ 6,276,961	\$ 6,676,844	\$ 6,897,171	\$ 6,880,434	\$ 6,663,739	\$ 6,583,896	\$ 6,295,568	\$6,186,989	\$6,345,404	\$6,488,642
Debt Limit, 5% of Equalized Valuation (Wisconsin Statutory Limitation)	\$ 313,848	\$ 333,842	\$ 344,859	\$ 344,022	\$ 333,187	\$ 329,195	\$ 314,778	\$ 309,349	\$ 317,270	\$ 324,432
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation:										
General Obligation Promissory Notes Less: Debt Service Funds	8,184	6,697 (1,843)	5,069 (267)	3,944 (269)	530 (346)	163	54 (54)	3,420	13,809 (188)	16,846 (75)
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Margin	8,180	4,854	4,802	3,675	184	53	0	3,335	13,621	16,771
Legal Debt margin - (Debt Capacity)	\$ 305,668	\$ 328,988	\$ 340,056	\$ 340,346	\$ 333,003	\$ 329,141	\$ 314,778	\$ 306,015	\$ 303,649	\$ 307,661
Percent of Debt Capacity Used	2.6%	1.5%	1.4%	1.1%	0.1%	%0:0	%0:0	1.1%	4.3%	5.2%

(A) Equalized Value from Table 11

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 13 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	(1) <u>Population</u>	(2) (\$000's) Personal <u>Income</u>	Per Capita Personal Income	(3) Public School <u>Enrollment</u>	(3) Private School Enrollment	(4) Average Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
2006	80,092	2,651,277	33,103	11,934	3,691	4.5%
2007	80,411	2,731,064	33,964	11,919	3,714	4.8%
2008	81,022	2,860,005	35,299	12,249	3,697	4.9%
2009	81,310	2,764,541	34,000	12,410	3,559	9.3%
2010	83,686	2,835,542	33,883	12,661	3,424	9.2%
2011	83,794	2,939,310	35,078	12,844	3,317	8.2%
2012	83,857	3,104,495	37,021	12,809	3,254	7.3%
2013	83,940	3,207,151	38,208	12,777	3,239	7.1%
2014	83,974	3,333,144	39,693	12,695	3,033	5.2%
2015	84,255	*	*	12,553	3,074	*

^{*}Information not yet available

Sources

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2010 is U.S. Census figure; all other figures are estimated by the Wisconsin Department of Administration

⁽²⁾ Personal Income from Table 11.

⁽³⁾ Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

⁽⁴⁾ Bureau of Labor Statistics

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 14 Principal Employers Current and Nine Years Ago

		2015		2006	
		Range of Number of		Range of Number of	
Taxpayer	Industry	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Nasco Int'i Inc.	Plastic manufacturing	1000-4999	-		
Trek Bicycle Corporation	Motorcycle, bicycle & parts manufacturing	200-999	7	1000-4999	_
UW Health Partners	General medical & surgical hospitals	200-999	က		
Wal-Mart	Discount department stores	200-999	4	200-999	7
Fort Healthcare Inc.	General medical & surgical hospitals	200-999	2	500-999	2
Generac Power Systems Inc.	Motor & generator manufacturing	200-999	9	500-999	2
Cygmus Business Medical	All Other Support Services	200-999	7		
County of Jefferson	Executive & legislative officers, combined	500-999	œ		
South Comm Communications	Publishing services	200-999	6		
Spacesaver Corp.	Office furniture manufacturing	250-499	10		
Briggs & Stratton Power Products	Motor & generator manufacturing			500-999	က
Bethesda Lutheran Communities Inc.	Residential mental facilities			500-999	4
Terra Staffing Services	Temporary help services			900-666-009	9
Aristotle Corp.	Other professional equipment wholesalers			666-009	ω
Perry Judd's Inc.	Commercial printing			250-499	10
A Life Style Service Inc.	Temporary help services			966-009	တ

Source: State of Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development, Reference USA, & Jefferson County budgeted positions.

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 15 Full-time Equivalent Budgeted County Positions by Functional Area Last Ten Years

Functional Areas:	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Government Public Safety Public Works Health and Human Services Culture & Recreation Conservation and Development	88.85 133.65 65.00 376.20 16.75 16.75	86.95 133.15 63.00 371.65 18.35 15.70	89.95 133.15 61.00 365.15 19.90 14.70	86.70 128.90 63.40 370.75 17.30 13.00	85.20 127.90 59.60 341.25 18.10 13.20	85.75 126.80 58.60 175.55 18.20 13.00	88.00 128.15 58.60 176.55 22.60 13.50	91.50 127.75 58.60 178.70 20.70 13.50	92.45 127.40 58.25 187.00 20.08 13.50	89.85 126.50 58.25 196.55 13.50
Total Position Equivalents	697.15	088.80	683.85	680.05	645.25	477.90	487.40	490.75	498.68	504.63

Note:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work a set number of standard hours, depending on their position. Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing budgeted total labor hours by standard hours.

Source: Jefferson County Human Resources Department

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 16 Miscellaneous Operation Indicators Last Ten Years

D. I. I. C. C. Acat.	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Communications Center Calls for Service Drug Task Force Cases Annual Number of Inmates Held in Jail	60,321 868 4,091	59,888 859 4,074	62,661 639 3,638	73,126 703 3,244	78,659 815 2,561	74,540 704 2,514	75,911 805 2,588	62,645 801 2,519	62,646 891 2,560	63,945 831 2,557
Public Works	3	2	3	2)	2		<u>:</u>	2	<u>.</u>
Centerline Miles of Koad Maintained Interstate	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	24.6	20.4	20.4	20.4
State	152.8	152.8	152.8	152.8	152.8	152.8	154.2	159.1	159.1	159.1
County Local	257.4 960.7	257.1 968.2	256.7 972.1	256.6 979.5	256.0 980.2	256.0 982.3	255.8 992.2	255.9 997.0	255.8 1,000.4	157.3 1,006.3
Health and Human Services Economic Support - Households Receiving Assistance	4,068	4,201	4,710	5,237	5,676	6,020	7,177	7,384	7,731	7,634
Medical assistance - Number of Recipients - Percentage of Population	7,436 9%	7,868 10%	8,865 11%	11,110 14%	12,257 15%	12,713 15%	12,453 15%	12,459 15%	12,471 15%	12,628 15%
Foodshare - Monthly Average Number of Recipients	2,973	3,340	3,823	5,590	7,214	7,954	9,025	9,467	9,161	8,592
Children Alternate Care Placements	82	100	93	121	185	147	158	96	136	137
Culture, Recreation, & Education Dog Park Daily Entrance Stickers Dog Park Annual Stickers Park Acreage Fair Park Gate Attendance Fair Park Event Days Fair Park Number of Events	1,451 941 800 *	1,972 983 828 *	1,566 746 827 *	1,291 1,000 827 *	669 1,134 827 *	842 1,300 947 42,868 252 277	968 1,490 947 46,485 272 358	1,013 1,656 947 47,547 259 355	1,059 1,772 965 43,522 239 228	1,358 1,677 970 42,727 226 194

^{*} Information not available

Source: Jefferson County Departments

Jefferson County, Wisconsin Table 17 Capital Asset Statistics by Functional Area Last Ten Years

Public Safety Patrol Division Vehicles 18 18 18 19 Patrol Division Vehicles 229 229 229 229 229 County Jail Facility Capacities 2.5 2	19 19 229 229 2.5 2.5	9				
229 229 229 229 229 229 225 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5		2	19	19	20	20
2.5 2.5 2.5 257.4 257.1 256.7 2 18 21 21 21 256.7 2 18 21 256.7 2 17 17 17 18 21 256.7 2 17 17 16 s 800 828 827 mobile Trails 171.1 182.7 1 Trails 8.2 8.2 8.2 s Country Ski Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0		229	229	229	229	229
257.4 257.1 256.7 18 21 21 21 22 nd 757 757 757 mobile Trails 8.2 8.2 s Country Ski Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0		2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
257.4 257.1 256.7 18 21 21 18 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 25.7 mobile Trails 757 757 757 mobile Trails 828 827 Trails 8.2 8.2 8.2 s Country Ski Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0		(()	1	(L	(1	1
nd 757 757 757 757 757 757 757 872 827 828 827 827 828 827 822 822 82	256.6 256.0 21 21	256.0 21	255.8 21	255.9 21	255.8 21	257.3 21
s 800 828 827 mobile Trails 171.1 171.1 182.7 Trails 8.2 8.2 8.2 s Country Ski Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0	381 381	452	452	452	452	452
17 17 16 800 828 827 171.1 171.1 182.7 8.2 8.2 8.2 Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0		4	4	9	7	7
800 828 827 171.1 171.1 182.7 8.2 8.2 8.2 Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0		10	10	9	9	9
171.1 171.1 182.7 8.2 8.2 8.2 Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0		947	947	947	965	970
8.2 8.2 8.2 ntry Ski Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0	`	182.7	182.7	182.7	182.7	182.7
ntry Ski Trails 5.0 7.0 10.0	8.5 23.3	23.3	23.3	32.0	32.0	32.0
		13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
	•	•	•	•	•	•
4 4		4	4	4	4	4
Miles of County-Owned Fiber Optic Cable 6.25 6.25 6.2	6.25 6.25	6.53	6.53	6.53	6.53	8.64

Source: Jefferson County Departments